First Degree Programme in Zoology

Table I. Scheme of Instruction and Evaluation

| Seme ster | Course Code | Study Component | | uctional week | Credit | Duration of | Evalı | ıation | Total Credit |
|--------------|--|---|---|------------------|--------|----------------|-------|--------|-----------------|
| | | English I-Listening & | | P | | ESE | CE | ESE | |
| | AUEN 111.2 | English I-Listening & Speaking Skills | 5 | | 4 | 3hrs | 20% | 80% | |
| | AUFR 111.2 AUHN 111.2 AUML 111.2 AUSY 111.2 AUTM 111.2 | | 4 | | 3 | 3hrs | 20% | 80% | |
| | AUEN 121.2 | Foundation Course I-Writings on Contemporary Issues | 4 | | 2 | 3hrs | 20% | 80% | |
| I | AUCH131.2e | Complementary Course I Chemistry | 2 | | 2 | 3hrs | 20% | 80% | 16 |
| 1 | | Complementary Course I Practical | | 2 | | | | | 10 |
| | AUBO 131.2e | Complementary Course II Botany | 2 | | 2 | 3hrs | 20% | 80% | |
| | | Complementary Course II Practical | | 2 | | | | | |
| | AUZO 141 | Core Course I | 3 | | 3 | 3hrs | 20% | 80% | |
| | | Core Course Practical I | | 1 | | | | | |
| | AUEN 211.2 | English II-Reading Skills | 4 | | 3 | 3hrs | 20% | 80% | |
| | AUEN 212.2 | English III-Modern English Grammer & Usage | 5 | | 4 | 3hrs | 20% | 80% | |
| | AUFR 211.2 AUHN 211.2 AUML 211.2 AUSY 211.2 AUTM 211.2 | Additional Language II | 4 | | 3 | 3hrs | 20% | 80% | |
| II | AUZO 221 | Core Course II | 3 | 1 | 3 | 3hrs | 20% | 80% | 17 |
| | AUCH231.2e | Complementary Course III | 2 | | 2 | 3hrs | 20% | 80% | |
| | | Complementary Course III Practical | | 2 | | | | | |
| | AUBO231.2e | Complementary Course IV | 2 | | 2 | 3hrs | 20% | 80% | |
| | | Complementary Course IV Practical | | 2 | | | | | |

| Seme | Course | Study component | Instruction Hours | ctional s/week | Credit | Duration | Eval | uation | Total |
|------|---|--|-------------------|-------------------|--------|----------|------|--------|---------|
| ster | Code | | Т | P | | of ESE | CE | ESE | credits |
| | AUEN 311.2 | English IV | 5 | | 4 | 3hrs | 20% | 80% | |
| | AUFR 311.2 AUHN 311.2 AUML311.2 AUSY 311.2 AUTM311.2 | Additional Language III | 5 | | | 4 | 3hrs | 20% | |
| | AUCH 331.2e | Complementary Course V | 3 | | 3 | 3hrs | 20% | 80% | |
| ш | | Complementary Course V Practical | | 2 | | | | | 22 |
| | AUBO331.2e | Complementary Course VI | 3 | | 3 | 3hrs | 20% | 80% | |
| | | Complementary Course VI Practical | | 2 | | | | | |
| | AUZO 341 | Foundation Course II | 3 | | 3 | 3hrs | 20% | 80% | |
| | | Foundation Course II Practical | | 2 | | | | | |
| | AUEN 411.2 | English V | 5 | | 4 | 3hrs | 20% | 80% | |
| | AUFR 411.2 AUHN 411.2 AUML 411.2 AUSY 411.2 AUTM411.2 | Additional Language IV | 5 | | 4 | 3hrs | 20% | 80% | |
| | AUCH 431.2e | Complementary Course VII | 3 | | 3 | 3hrs | 20% | 80% | |
| IV | AUCH43.2ePI | Complementary Course Practical | | 2 | 4 | 3hrs | 20% | 80% | 23 |
| | AUBO 431.2e | Complementary Course VIII | 3 | | 3 | 3hrs | 20% | 80% | |
| | AUBO 43.2e PI | Complementary Course Practical | | 2 | 4 | 3hrs | 20% | 80% | |
| | AUZO 441 | Core Course III | 3 | | 3 | 3hrs | 20% | 80% | |
| | AUZO44PI | Core Course-practical I of Core I, Core II and Foundation II | | 2 | 3 | 3hrs | 20% | 80% | |

| Seme | Course | Study component | | ctional s/week | Credit | Duration | Eval | uation | Total |
|------|----------------|-------------------------------|---|-------------------|--------|--------------|------|--------|---------|
| ster | Code | soudy component | T | P | 010010 | of ESE | CE | ESE | credits |
| | | | | | 4 | 3hrs | 20% | 80% | |
| | AUZO541 | Core Course V | 5 | | 4 | 3hrs | 20% | 80% | |
| | AUZO542 | Core Course VI | 4 | | 4 | 3hrs | 20% | 80% | |
| V | AUZO544 | Core Course VII | 4 | | 4 | 3hrs | 20% | 80% | 22 |
| V | AUZO54 PII | Core Course VIII Practical II | | 5 | 4 | 3hrs | 20% | 80% | 22 |
| | AUZO581b | Open Course | 3 | | 2 | 3hrs | 20% | 80% | |
| | | Project | | 3 | | | | | |
| | | Field Study | | 1 | | | | | |
| | AUZO641 | Core Course IX | 5 | | 4 | 3hrs | 20% | 80% | |
| | AUZO642 | Core Course X | 4 | | 4 | 3hrs | 20% | 80% | |
| | AUZO643 | Core Course XI | 4 | | 3 | 3hrs | 20% | 80% | |
| VI | AUZO64 PIII | Core Course XII Practical III | | 3 | 3 | 3hrs | 20% | 80% | 23 |
| | AUZO64 PIV | Core Course XIII Practical IV | | 3 | 3 | 3hrs | 20% | 80% | |
| | AUZO691.a | Elective Course | 3 | | 2 | 3hrs | 20% | 80% | |
| | AUZO644 | Project and Field Study | | 3 | 4 | Viva voce | | 100% | |

T-Theory, P -Practical, CE-Continuous Evaluation, ESE-End Semester Evaluation

First Degree Programme in Zoology Table II. Scheme of Instruction of Core Courses, Foundation Course II and Open Courses

| | | | Se | mes | ter | Se | mes II | | Se | mest | ter | Se | mest | er | Se | mes | | Se | mes | ter | То | otal |
|------------------|----------------|--|---------------|----------------|--------|---------------|-----------|--------|----|---------------|--------|----|---------------|--------|---------------------------------------|---------------|--------|----|---------------|--------|---------------|--------|
| | | | | I | | | 11 | | | III | | | IV | | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | | | VI | | | | |
| Course number | Course Code | Course Title | Contact House | Contact 110u15 | Credit | Contact Hours | | Credit | | Contact Hours | Credit | | Contact Hours | Credit | | Contact Hours | Credit | | Contact Hours | Credit | Contact Hours | Credit |
| C.C. I | AUZO 141 | Animal Diversity I | T 3 | P | 3 | Т | P | | Т | P | | Т | P | | T | P | | Т | P | | 3 | 3 |
| C.C. II | AUZO 221 | Animal Diversity II | | | | 3 | 1 | 3 | | | | | | | | | | | | | 4 | 3 |
| F.C. II | AUZO 341 | Methodology, Perspectives of Science and Bioinformatics | | | | | | | 3 | | 3 | | | | | | | | | | 3 | 3 |
| C.C. III | AUZO 441 | Environment biology,Toxicology and Disaster management | | | | | | | | | | 3 | | 3 | | | | | | | 3 | 3 |
| C.C. IV | AUZO 44 PI | Practical I of CC I, C C II and F.C II | | 1 | | | | | | 2 | | | 2 | | | | 4 | | | | 5 | 4 |
| C.C. V | AUZO 541 | Cell and Molecular Biology | | | | | | | | | | | | | 5 | | 4 | | | | 5 | 4 |
| C.C. VI | AUZO 542 | Genetics and Biotechnology | | | | | | | | | | | | | 4 | | 4 | | | | 4 | 4 |
| C.C. VII | AUZO 543 | Immunology & Microbiology | | | | | | | | | | | | | 4 | | 4 | | | | 4 | 4 |
| C.C. VIII | AUZO 54 PII | Practical II of CC V, C C VI and C.C VII | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 5 | 4 | | | | 5 | 4 |
| O.C. I | AUZO 581.b | Human Health and Sex education (Offered to other disciplines) | | | | | | | | | | | | | 3 | | 2 | | | | 3 | 2 |
| C.C. IX | AUZO 641 | Human Anatomy, Physiology and Biochemistry | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 5 | | 4 | 5 | 4 |
| C.C. X | AUZO 642 | Developmental Biology & Experimental Embryology | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 4 | | 4 | 4 | 4 |

| C.C. XI | AUZO 643 | Evolution, Ethology, Zoogeography and Pest management | | | | | | | | 4 | | 3 | 4 | 3 |
|-----------|----------------|---|--|--|--|--|--|--|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| C.C. XII | AUZO 64PIII | Practical III of C.C IX | | | | | | | | | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 |
| C.C. XIII | AUZO 64PIV | Practical IV of C.CIII and CC XI | | | | | | | | | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 |
| E.C. II | AUZO69 1.a | Economic Zoology;vermiculture and apiculture | | | | | | | | 3 | | 2 | 3 | 2 |
| C.C.XIV | AUZO644 | Project | | | | | | | 3 | | 3 | | 7 | 4 |
| | | Field study | | | | | | | 1 | | | | Í | |

C.C. - Core Course, F.C.-Foundation Course, O.P.-Open Course, T -Theory, E.C.-Elective Course
P- Practical

Semester V

Zoology Open Course

Offered to students of other disciplines

Table III. Scheme of Instruction of Open Course

| Semester | Course Code | Course Title | Instructional hours/week | Credits |
|----------|-------------|-------------------------------------|-----------------------------|---------|
| | AUZO581.a | Public Health and Hygiene | | |
| V | AUZO581.b | Human Health and Sex education | 3 | 2 |
| | AUZO581.c | Human diseases and their management | | |

First Degree Programme in Zoology

Semester VI

Zoology Elective course

Offered to students of Zoology Programme

Table IV. Scheme of Instruction of Elective course

| Semester | Course Code | Course Title | Instructional hours/week | Credits |
|----------|----------------|---|--------------------------|---------|
| | AUZO691.a | Economic Zoology: Vermiculture and Apiculture | | |
| VI | AUZO691.b | Ornamental Fish Production and Management. | 3 | 2 |
| | AUZO691.c | Dairy farming and Broiler farming | | |

First Degree Programme in Zoology

Table V. Scheme of question paper – Theory Courses

| Type of Questions | Question No. | No. of questions to be answered | Marks |
|-------------------|--------------|---------------------------------|-------------|
| I. Objective | 1 - 10 | 10 out of 10 | 1 x 10 = 10 |
| II. Short Answer | 11 - 25 | 10 out of 15 | 2 x 10 = 20 |
| III. Short Essay | 26 - 34 | 6 out of 9 | 5 x 6 = 30 |
| IV. Long Essay | 35 - 38 | 2 out of 4 | 10 x 2 = 20 |
| | | Total | 80 |

First Degree Programme in Zoology

Table VI. Scheme of question paper - Practical

| Type of Questions | Marks |
|-------------------------|-------|
| I. Major Practical | 25 |
| II. Minor Practical I | 15 |
| III. Minor Practical II | 15 |
| IV. Spotters | 10 |
| V. Record | 15 |
| Total | 80 |

First Degree Programme in Zoology

Choice Based Credit and Semester system

(With effect from 2015 admission)

Scheme of Instruction

First Degree Programme in Zoology is under Choice Based Credit and Semester system (CBCS). The duration of the Programme is three years consisting of six semesters. The duration of each semester is five months (18 weeks) inclusive of the days of examinations. There will be 90 working days and a minimum of 450 hours of instruction in a semester. An academic year will have two semesters. Odd semesters are from June to October and even semesters from November to March and two months semester break in April and May. The total number of credits of the Programme is 120. The total number of courses is 37.

The language courses are distributed over the first four semesters. Foundation course I (English) is in the first semester and Foundation course II in the third semester.

Core courses - Zoology courses – are offered in all the semesters except in the third semester. Hours for Project are distributed over the fifth and sixth semesters and that for the Field study on fifth semester. Students of First Degree Programme in Zoology can choose Open course offered by any department other than Zoology in the fifth semester. While Elective course, offered by the Department of Zoology is in the sixth semester. Complementary courses on allied subjects are in the first four semesters.

The scheme of Instruction and Evaluation of study components of First Degree Programme in Zoology is given in the Table I.

Course number, Course Code, Course title and scheme of instruction of Core Courses, Foundation Courses, Open Courses and Project is given in Table II.

Foundation course II (Course Code: AUZO3)

Foundation Course II – Methodology, Perspectives of Science and Bioinformatics - is in the third semester. It has 72 instructional hours. 54 hours are for

theory (3hours/ week) and 18 hours for practical (1hour/ week). Credit is 3. (No ESE for the practical).

Core Courses are offered by the parent department. The total number of core courses is fourteen- nine theory courses, four practical courses and one Project and Field Study Course. The Core Course I (Course Code: AUZO141) is prescribed for the first semester and Core Course II (Course code:AUZO241) for fourth semester are theory courses, each having 54 hours of instruction (3 hours/ week) and 3 credits. The Core Course IV (Course Code: AUZO44PI) is Practical I of theory courses AUZO141, AUZO241 and AUZO341. The practical hours are distributed one in the first and two each in the third and fourth semesters. Total credits allotted for Practical I is 4.ESE of Practical I is at the end of V semester. Core Course V (Course Code: AUZO541) of fifth semester has 90 hours (5hours/ week) and 4credits. Core Course VI (Course Code: AUZO542) and Core Course VII (Course Code: AUZO543) of fifth semester are of 72hours (4 hours/ week) and with 4 credits each. Core Course VIII (Course code: AUZO54PII) is Practical II of theory Core Courses AUZO541, AUZO542 and AUZO543 has 5 hours in fifth semester. End Semester examination of Practical II is at the end of the fifth semester and 4 credits. Theory Core Course IX (Course Code: AUZO641) of sixth semester is of 90 hours (5hours/ week) and 4 credits. Theory Core Courses X (Course Code: AUZO642) and XI (Course Code: AUZO643) of sixth semester are of 72 hours in syllabus (4 hours/ week) with 4 and 3 credits respectively. Core Courses XII (Course Code: AUZO64PIII) is Practical III of Core Course AUZO641 and Core Course XIII (Course Code: AUZO64PIV) is Practical IV of Core Courses AUZO441 and AUZO643. Three hours and three credits are allotted for both courses. Core Course XIV (Course Code AUZO644) is the Project and Field study. In the fifth semester 3 hours are allotted for Project and one hour for the Field study. In the sixth semester also 3 hours are there for the Project. ESE for this course is at the end of the sixth semester and four credits.

Open Course

Students of First Degree Programme have the freedom to choose Open Course offered by any disciplines other than the parent department. The students of First Degree

Programme in Zoology have to choose Open Course offered by departments other than Zoology.

Open Course in the fifth semester offered by the Department of Zoology is for the students of other disciplines. It has 54 hours (3hours/ week) and 2 credits. Three courses are designed for Open Course. An institution can choose any one of the following courses.

Open Course I

| Course Code | Title of course |
|-------------|-------------------------------------|
| AUZO581.a | Public Health and Hygiene |
| AUZO581.b | Human Health and Sex Education |
| AUZO581.c | Human diseases and their management |

The scheme of instruction of Open Course is given in Table III.

Elective Course

Open Course II is for the students of First Degree Programme in Zoology. Instructional hours are in the sixth semester. 54 hours (3hours/ week) and 2credits are allotted for it. Three courses are prepared for elective Course. An Institution can choose any one of the following courses.

Elective Course

| Course Code | Title of the course |
|-------------|--|
| AUZO691.a | Economic Zoology - Vermiculture and Apiculture |
| AUZO691.b | Ornamental Fish Production and management |
| AUZO691.c | Dairy farming and Broiler farming |

The scheme of instruction of elective course is given in Table IV

Project and Field study (Course Code: AUZO644)

Core courses include a compulsory Project and Field study. Three hours each are given for project in the fifth and sixth semesters. One hour for the Field study in the fifth semester. The Course Code is AUZO644 and credits 4. There is no Continuous Evaluation for this course.

Scheme of Evaluation

Evaluation of all theory and practical courses involve Continuous Evaluation (CE) and End Semester Evaluation (ESE). The proportion of the grade of CE and ESE 1:3. CE is for 20% and ESE for 80%. All theory courses have ESE at the end of the corresponding semesters. But practical courses have ESE at the end of fifth semester and the end of sixth semester only. Both Continuous Evaluation and End Semester Evaluation are carried out with direct grading. The system of five point grade scale adopted is given in Table A

Grade Performance **CCPA Percentage of Marks** Outstanding 9 and above 90 and above A+ Excellent 8 to < 9 80 to < 90 Α Very Good 7 to < 8 70 to < 80 В Good 6 to < 760 to < 70 \mathbf{C} D Satisfactory 5 to < 6 50 to < 6040 to < 50 Ε Adequate 4 to < 5 F Below 40 Failure < 4

Table A. Seven point scale of direct grading

I. Continuous E valuation (CE)

Continuous Evaluation of each course will be done by the faculty member who is engaging the course. CE is based on the student's attendance, performance in the class tests, seminars / assignments and records of practical. Assignments and answer scripts are to be returned to the students after evaluation. Tabulated statement of CE must be put up on the department notice board prior being dispatched to the University.

The process of Continuous Evaluation must be transparent. Monitoring of the First Degree Programme is done by committees at three levels – Department Level Monitoring Committee (DLMC), College Level Monitoring Committee (CLMC). DLMC consists of the Head of the Department and all teachers of the Department. They monitor the conduct of courses and CE. The Head of the Department be the Chair person and a teacher selected by the DLMC from among the members is the Convener. College Level Monitoring Committee will consider the complaints not redressed by the DLMC.

CE of Theory courses (Weightage 20)

The different components considering for CE of theory courses and corresponding weightage are given in the Table B.

Table B. Components and weightage for CE of theory course

| Sl.No. | Component | Marks |
|--------|--------------------|-------|
| 1. | Attendance | 5 |
| 2. | 1 Class test | 10 |
| 3. | Seminar/Assignment | 5 |
| | Total | 20 |

1. Attendance

The allotment of grades for attendance is given in Table C.

Table C. Grading of attendance

| Attendance | Mark |
|------------|------|
| Above 90% | 5 |
| 86 to 90% | 4 |
| 81 to 85 % | 3 |
| 76 to 80% | 2 |
| 75% | 1 |

A student with attendance below 75% cannot appear for the ESE.

2. Class Test

One class test shall be conducted for each course during the semester. The mark obtained in the test (out of 80) is converted to 10 and the same is considered for CE. Question pattern of ESE can be adopted for test papers. Grading process is similar to that of ESE.

3. Seminar/ Assignment

Each student is required to do one seminar or one assignment for each course. Certain topics for seminars/ assignments are given after the syllabus of each course. These topics are denoted for CE only. Seminar is to be graded based on the way of presentation, matter content, etc.

CE of Practical courses: (Weightage 4)

The different components considering for CE of Practical courses and corresponding weightage are given in the Table D.

Table D. Components and weightage for CE of Practical course

| Sl. No. | Component | Marks |
|---------|----------------|-------|
| 1 | Attendance | 5 |
| 2 | Performance | 5 |
| 3 | One Class test | 5 |
| 4 | Record | 5 |
| | Total | 20 |

- 1. **Attendance**: same as given for theory CE in Table C.
- 2. **Performance in laboratory**: Grade the students in the seven-point scale as given for theory (Table A).
- 3. **Class test**: One class test shall be conducted for a practical course during a semester. Grading process is similar to that of ESE.
- 4. **Record:** Record is to be assessed taking into account the following points timely presentation, content, accuracy of diagrams and neatness. Record grading is also on the seven-point scale as given for theory (Table A).

II. End Semester Evaluation (ESE)

A. Theory

All theory courses have End Semester Examination at the end of the corresponding semester. The duration of examination is 3 hours per course. Marks of theory ESE is 80. Grading is according to the seven point scale. The question paper for ESE of theory courses will be prepared by the Board of External Examiners. The Scheme of Instruction and Evaluation of First Degree Programme in Zoology are given in Table I.

B. Practical:

End Semester Examination of Practical I (Course Code: AUZO44PI) and Practical II (Course Code: AUZO54PII) will be held at the end of the fifth semester. Practical III

(Course Code: AUZO64PIII) and Practical IV Course Code: AUZO64PIV) will be held at the end of the sixth semester. The duration of examination is 3 hours. Practical examination is to be conducted by a team of two external examiners. A batch may contain a maximum of 15 candidates per session of the exam..

C. Record

Each Practical Course has a record book. Candidates must submit the certified record of the corresponding Practical Course on the day of the end semester examination before the External Examiners for ESE. Candidates without certified record book are not allowed to appear for the examination.

D. Project and Field study

Reports related to project work and Field study are evaluated by the Practical Examiners on the next day after the End Semester Examination of Practical IV at the end of sixth semester.

Viva-Voce

Viva-Voce includes presentation of the Project report and testing of the student's knowledge on the project work and general biological topics based on questions asked. Maximum time of ten minutes can be taken for evaluating a candidate.

The distribution of marks is given below.

| Project Report | 20 |
|--------------------|----|
| Viva-voce | 10 |
| Field study Report | 20 |
| Total | 50 |

Semester I

Zoology Core Course I Animal Diversity I

Course code – AUZO141

No. of Credits – 3 Total hours 54

Aim of the course

To provide the students with an in-depth knowledge of the diversity in form, structure and habits of invertebrates.

Objectives of the course

- To learn the basics of systematics and understand the hierarchy of different categories.
- To learn the diagnostic characters of each phyla through brief studies of typical examples.
- To obtain an overview of economically important invertebrate fauna

Module I 5 hr

Introduction, Two kingdom classification and Whittaker's five kingdom classification. Advantages and disadvantages of five kingdom classification. (self study), mention modern classifications.

Introduction to Zoology, Nature and scope of Zoology: branches of Zoology, opportunities for further studies in Zoology

Taxonomy-definition, history, new trends and importance, mention molecular taxonomy. Components of classification, Taxonomic hierarchy- taxon, category and rank. Linnaean hierarchy, nomenclature, principles of nomenclature. International Code of Zoological Nomenclature (ICZN), rules of nomenclature, requisites – uni, bi and trinomialism. Species, species concept and approach, taxonomic aids.

Module II 7hrs

Kingdom Protista: general characters (self study), structure and zoological importance and systematic position of *Actinophrys, Noctiluca, Paramecium* and *Opalina*. Parasitic protozoansmorphology, life history, pathogenicity and prophylaxis of *Entameoba histolytica*, *Trypanosoma gambiense* and *Plasmodium vivax*.

Module III 8hrs

Kingdom Animalia: Outlines of classification (self study– Subkingdom Mesozoa, Subkingdom Parazoa, Subkingdom Eumetazoa. Levels of organization– cellular, tissue, organ(self study). Divisions of Eumetazoa- Radiata, Bilateria, coelome(self study), metamerism(self study), cephalisation(self study), Protostomia, Deuterostomia.

Sub kingdom Mesozoa- general charactors, eg. Rhopalura.

Sub kingdom Parazoa- general characters and mention the classes of Porifera-Calcispongia, eg. *Sycon*; Hydrospongia, eg. *Euplectella*; Desmospongia, eg. *Spongilla*.

ModuleIV 4hrs

Phylum Coelenterata: General characters (self study). Classes-Hydrozoa eg. *Obelia*(structural organisation and life cycle), mention metagenesis, *Physalia*; Scyphozoa eg. *Aurelia*, *Rhizostoma*; Anthozoa eg. sea anemone, *Madrepora*, Polymorphism in coelenterates, types of coral reefs.

Module V 8hrs

Phylum Platyhelminthes: General characters (self study). Classes- Turbellaria eg. *Planaria*;mention regeneration ,Trematoda eg. *Fasciola*(life cycle and pathogenicity); Cestoda, eg. *Teania solium* (life cycle and pathogenicity).

Phylum Nematoda: general characters (self study), eg. *Ascaris, Ancylostoma, Enterobius, Wuchereria, coenorhabditis elegans* (mention the pathogenicity).

Phylum Annelida: General characters (self study). Earthworm (Mention nephridia). Classes Polychaeta eg. *Aphrodite*, *Arenicola*; Oligochaeta eg. *Nereis*, mention Heteroneries; Hirudinaria eg. Leech, haemadipsa.

ModuleVI 12hrs

Phylum Arthropoda: General characters (self study), Type- *Penaeus*(Mention larval stages of penaeus). Mention the classes. eg. cockroach, *Limulus*(evolutionary significance), *Eeupagurus*, *Sacculina*(Parasitic adaptations and castration), termite, honey bee, scorpion. Economic importance of insects. Mention sericulture.

Phylum Onychophora: general characters, eg. *Peripatus*(Mention affinities).

Module VII 9hrs

Phylum Mollusca: General characters (self study), Classes- Monoplacophora, eg. *Neopilina*; Amphineura, eg. *Chiton*; Aplecophora, eg. *Neomenia*, Gastropoda eg. *Pila*; Scaphopoda, eg. *Dentalium*; Pelicypoda eg. *Perna*, *Terido*; Cephalopoda, eg. *Sepia*, *Octopus*. Economic importance of mollusca - pearl culture and mussel culture.

Phylum Echinodermata: General characters (self study) Classes- Asteroidea, eg. *Asterias*; Ophiuroidea, eg. *Ophiothrix*; Echinoidea, eg. *Echinus*; Holothuroidea, eg. Sea cucumber, Crinoidea, eg. Sea lily. Water vascular system in asteroidean.

Module IX

Phylum Hemichordata: Eg: Balanoglossus.

1 hrs

References

- Barnes, R.D. (1987). Invertebrate Zoology. W. B. Sunders. New Delhi.
- Barrington E.J.W. (1967). Invertebrate Structure and Function. ELBS and Nelson, London.
- Bhamra, H.S and Kavita Juneja. (2000). An Introduction to Coelenterata. Anmol Publications. Pvt. Ltd. New Delhi.
- Brusca, R.C. and G. J. Brusca. (1940). Invertebrates. Sinauer Associates, Sunderland, M.A.
- Darlington, P. I. (1957). Zoogeography, The geographical distribution of animals. Wiley, New York.
- Dhami, P.S and Dhami, J. K. (1979). Invertebrate zoology. R. Chand & Co. New Delhi.
- Ekambaranatha Ayyar M. (1990). A Manual of Zoology. Vol. 1. Invertebrata- Part 1 & Part11. S. Viswanathan Printers and Publishers.Pvt. Ltd.
- Green. N.P.O. et al. (2000). Biological Science, Cambridge University Press.
- Hickman, C.P and Roberts, L.S. (1994). Animal Diversity. Wm. C. Brown, Dubuque, IA.
- Hyman, L. H. (1942). The invertebrate volumes. Mc Gew Hill.
- Jorden, E.L and Verma, P.S. (2000). Invertebrate Zoology. S. Chand and Co Ltd. New Delhi.
- Kapoor, V.C. (1994). Theory and Practice of animal taxonomy. Oxford &
- IBH Publishing Co, New Delhi.
- Kotpal, R.L, Agarwal, S.K. and R.P. Khetarpal. (2002). Modern text book of Zoology Invertebrates.
- Majpuria, T.C. Invertebrate Zoology. Pradeep publication, Jalandar.

- Marshall, A. J. and Williams, W. D. (1972). Text book of zoology vol. 1 Invertibrates. ELBS & MacMillan, London.
- Mayer, E. (1980). Principles of Systematic Zoology. Tata Mc Graw Hill Publishing Co, New Delhi.
- Nair, K.K., Ananthakrishnan, T.N. David, B.V. (1976). General And Applied Entomology. T. M. H. New Delhi.
- Nair, M.R.G.K. A monograph of crop parts of Kerala and their control. Kerala Agricultural University.
- Nigam, S. (1978). Invertebrate Zoology. S. Nigam& Co.
- Parker, T.J and Haswell, W. A. (1962). Text book of Zoology. Vol.I Invertebrate. LBS and MacMillan, London.
- Pearse, V., Pearse, J., Buchsbaum, M. and Buchsbaum, R. (1987). Living Invertebrates. Blackwell Scientific Publications, California.
- Ruppert, E.E., Fox, R. and Barnes, R.D., (2004). Invertebrate Zoology. Thomson Books/Cole, U.S.A.
- The New Encyclopedia Britannica. Macropedia. 15th Ed. 1998. Encyclopedia Britannica Inc. Chicago.
- Vijayakumaran Nair, K. Invertebrate Zoology. Academia.

Semester 11

Zoology Core Course II Animal Diversity II

Course Code – AUZO221

No. of credits – 3 Aim of the course **Total hours 54**

To provide the students with an in-depth knowledge of the diversity in form, structure and habits of invertebrates.

Objectives of the course

- To learn the general characteristics and classification of different classes of vertebrates
- To get an understanding of the vertebrate evolutionary tree
- To understand general aspects of applied interest

Module I 6hrs

Introduction, **Phylum Chordata**: general characters and their classification into three subphyla (self study).

Subphylum Urochordata- general characters, Class Larvacea eg. *Oikopleura*; Class Ascidiacea eg. *Ascidia* (Mention retrogressive metamorphosis) and Class Thaliacea eg. *Salpa*.

Subphylum Cephalochordata-general characters, eg. Amphioxus

Module II 10hrs

Subphylum Vertebrata: general characters, Division 1 Agnatha -general characters, Class Cyclostomata eg. *Petromyzo*n, Class Ostracodermi; Division 2 Gnathostomata general characters, Classification into Super class Pisces and Tetrapoda.

Super class Pisces- general characters and classification, Class Placodermi, Class Chondrichthyes,

Sub class Elasmobranchii eg. *Narcine*, Sub class Holocephali eg. *Chimaera*; Class Osteichthyes-**Sub class Choanichthyes**- Order1 Crossoptergii eg *Latimeria*, Order 2 Dipnoi eg. *Protopterus*, **Subclass Actinopterygii**-Super order Chondrostei eg *Acipenser*. Super order

Holostei eg *Lepidosteus*, Super order Teleostei eg *Anabas*, *Clarius*, *Saccobranchus*, *Ophiocephalus*, *Echeneis*. General topic: Accessory respiratory organs in fishes.

ModuleIII 5hrs

Super class Tetrapoda: Salient features, Class Amphibia - general characters (self study). Classification- Order Urodela eg .*Amblystoma*, Order Anura eg. *Hyla, Bufo, Rana*, Order Apoda eg. *Ichthyophis*. General topic: Parental care in amphibia.

Module IV 9hrs

Class Reptilia - general characters (self study). Classification - Subclass Anapsida -Order Chelonia eg. *Chelone*; Subclass Parapsida eg *Ichthyosaurus*; Subclass Diapsida- Order Rhynchocephalia eg. *Sphenodon*, Order Squamata- Suborder Lacertilia eg. *Calotes*, *Chamaeleon*, *Draco*, *Hemidactylus*, Suborder Ophidia eg. *Naja naja*, *Vipera*, *Bungarus*, *Enhydrina*, *Ptyas*, *Lycodon*, *Tropidonotus*, *Dryophis*, *Typhlops* and *Eryx johni*, Suborder Crocodilia eg. *Crocodilus*, *Alligator*; Subclass Synapsida eg *Cynognathus*. General topic: Identification of poisonous and non-poisonous snakes.

Module V 5hrs

Class Aves- general characters (self study). Classification- Subclass Archeornithes eg .*Archeopteryx*; Subclass Neornithes- Super order Paleognathae eg..*Sruthio* and *Emu*, Super order Neognathae eg .Grey heron, Vulture, Kite, *Pavo*, Koel, Owl, Woodpecker, Crow. General topic: flight adaptations of birds.

Module VI 19hrs

Class Mammalia – Type-Rabbit. General characters and classification - Subclass Prototheria eg. *Tachyglossus*; Subclass Metatheria eg. *Macropus*; Subclass Eutheria - Order Insectivora eg. *Paraechinus*, Order Dermoptera eg. *Galeopithecus*, Order Chiroptera eg. *Pteropus*, Order Primates eg. *Loris*, Orangutan, Order Carnivora eg. *Leo* sps, *Felis domesticus*, *Canis familiaris*, *Herpestus*, Order Cetacea eg. *Delphinus*, Order Perissodactyla eg. *Equus*, Order Artiodactyla eg. *Camelus*, *Hippopotamus*, Order Proboscidia eg. *Elephas*. Order 10 Sirenia eg. *Dugong*, Order Hyracoidea eg. *Procavia*, Order Rodentia eg. *Rattus*, Order Lagomorpha eg. *Oryctolagus*, Order Edentata eg. *Dasypus novemcinctus* (Armadillo), Order Pholidota eg. *Manis*, Order Tubilidentata eg. *Orycteropus*.

Topics for assignments / seminars (not for ESE)

- 1. Migration in fishes.
- 2. Parental care in fishes.
- 3. Caudal fin in fishes
- 4. Snake venom and its uses.
- 6. Adaptations of feet and beak of birds.
- 7. Economic importance of mammals.
- 8. Mammalian resources of the forests of Kerala.
- 9. Flying mammals.
- 10. Endangered mammals.
- 11.Migration of birds
- 12. Adaptations of aquatic mammals
- 13. Dentition in mammals

References

- Bhaskaran, K. K. and Biju Kumar, A. (2003). Chordate Zoology. Manjusha Publications. Calicut.
- Ekambaranath Iyer. (2000). A Manuel of Zoology. Vol. II S. Viswanathan and Co.
- Jordan E. L. and P. S. Verma. (2002). Chordate Zoology. S. Chand and Co. New Delhi
- Kotpal, R.L. (2000). Modern Textbook of Zoology: Vertebrates. Rastogi Publications, Meerut.
- Verma, P.S. (2002). A Manual of Practical Zoology-Chordates. S. chand and Co. Ltd.
- William S. Beck, Karel, F., Liem and George Gaylord Simpson. (2000). Life: An introduction to biology. Harper Collins Publishers, New York.
- Young J.Z. (2006). The life of Vertebrates. Oxford University

Semester III

Zoology Foundation Course II Methodology, Perspectives of Science and Bioinformatics Course code – AUZO341

No. of Credits – 3 Total hours 54

Aim of the course

To introduce the methodology and perspectives of Science in general so as to enable the students to systematically pursue Zoology in relation to other disciplines that come under the rubric of science.

Objectives of the course

- To learn the fundamental characteristics of science as a human enterprise
- > To understand how science works
- > To study to apply scientific methods independently

Methodology of Science

34hrs

ModuleI 5hrs

Methods, Tools and Experimentation: hypothesis, theories and laws in science, Hypotheticodeductive and inductive models, simulations and virtual testing, observations, evidences and proofs.

Module II 10hrs

Scientific instruments and techniques: microscopes-light microscopes, dark-field, fluorescent microscope and centrifuges (self study), phase-contrast microscope, electron microscopes- TEM and SEM, colorimeter, spectrophotometer, pH meter, chromatography, electrophoresis; Microtome and histological staining techniques, Robotics.

Module III 16hrs

Data handling in Science: design of experiments-observation, data collection, nature and types of data (typical examples), treatment of data, data interpretation, significance of statistical tools in data interpretation, errors and inaccuracies, instrumental errors and variables, human errors.

Data presentation: tables, graphs (line graphs, frequencies polygon, frequency curve and ogives) and diagrams(bar and pie); statistical testing- null hypothesis, test of significance (t-test), statistics based acceptance or rejection of a hypothesis (chi-square); deduction of scientific correlation, patterns and trends.

Ethics in science: (brief account only), scientific information-depositories of scientific information- primary, secondary and digital sources; sharing of knowledge, transparency and honesty; danger or preconceived ideas. Reporting of observational and experimental data, human bias, biased observations, influence of observer on observations, publications and patents, Plagiarism

Module 1V 3hrs

General Informatics: Internet as a knowledge repository, academic search techniques, introduction to use of IT in teaching and learning, Academic services – INFLIBNET, NICNET, BRNET.

Bioinformatics 20hrs

Module V 10hrs

Definition, Nature & Scope of Bioinformatics - Contrast between Bioinformatics and Computational Biology; Key Bio-sequences in Molecular Biology - DNA, RNA and Aminoacid sequences -Popular Databases in Bioinformatics - NCBI, DDJB, PDB, OMIM; BLAST & FASTA sequence file formats, Approach of Comparative Biology based on sequence comparison - The basic idea of sequence comparison (algorithms not required) - idea of scoring matrices

Module VI 10hrs

The Blast search engine - important features - Idea of Multiple sequence alignment – Proteomics: Basic ideas of Protein Structure prediction- Concept of Homology Modeling- Idea of Molecular Phylogenetics - advantages and computational procedure (only description of use of a package such as Phylip)- Basic concepts of computer Aided Drug Discovery- General description of drug discovery pipeline- concept of Personalized medicine; Bioinformatics tools: (i)Molecular Visualization Software - Rasmol (Basic features only) -(ii) ORF finding (iii) gene finding, (iii) BLAST (iv) Hydrophobicity Prediction (v) Single Nucleotide Polymorphism (SNP) prediction using GENSNIP

Suggested topics for assignments / seminars (not for ESE)

- 1. Different types of microscopes,
- 2. Different types of centrifuges,
- 3. Collection of different local fauna and analysis of data,
- 4. Designing of an experiment of own interest
- 5. Construction of bar diagram, histogram, pie diagram, frequency curve, frequency polygon
- 6. Collect and identify five local fauna with systematic position.

References

- Aggarwal, S.K. (2008) Foundation course in Biology. Ane Books India, New Delhi.
- Bajpai, P. K. (2008) Biological instrumentation and methodology. S. Chand and Company Ltd.
- Collins H. and Pinch, T. (1993) The Golem: What everyone should know about Science.
 Cambridge university press.
- Debbie Holmes, Peter Moody and Diana Dine. (2006) Research methods for the biosciences, International students' edition. Oxford university press.
- De Robertis and De Robertis. (2005) Cell and Molecular Biology. Lippincott Williams & Wilkins Philadelphia
- Ekambaranatha Iyyer, M. (2000) A Manual of Zoology, Vol.1 Invertebrata. S. Viswanathan and Co.
- Gieryn, T.F. (1999) Cultural Boundaries of Science. University of Chicago press
- Graeme. D. Ruxton and Nick Colegrave. (2006) Experimental design for the life sciences, 2nd edition. Oxford University press.
- Gurumani, Research Methodology. M.J.P.Publishers, Chennai, 600 005
- Keith Wilson and John Walera. (2008) Principles and techniques of biochemistry and
- Molecular Biology. Cambridge University press.
- Norman, T.J. Bailey (2007) Statistical methods in biology, 3rd edition. Cambridge
- university press.
- Veerbala Rastogi. (2008) Fundamentals of biostatistics. Ane books India, Chennai.
- Veerakumary, L. (2006) Bioinstrumentation. MJP Publishers, Chennai, 600 005

Bioinformatics

Suggested topics for assignments/ seminars (not for ESE)

- 1. Conduct of an experiment to demonstrate the use of BLAST
- 2. Visit KEGG data base and retrieve the list of completed genome project
- 3. Compare the traditional Phylogenetic methods with the Molecular Phylogenetics

- 4. Visit NCBI, EMBL, DDBJ, PDB. List out the salient features of them.
- 5. Write a report on various phases of Computer Aided Drug Discovery.
- 6. From internet locate some success stories of Computer Aided Drug Discovery
- 7. Write brief note on recent development of System Biology and Synthetic Biology.
- 8. Down load the human chromosome I in fasta format and cut a portion of the
- 9. sequence, using gene finding tool predict the gene present.
- 10. Write a brief note on different Phylogenetic tree building methods.

References

- Alan Evans, Leslie Lamport *et.al*. Informatics Technology in action. Pearson, Delhi, Chennai and Chandigarh.
- Alan Evans, Kendal Martin et.al. Technology in Action, Pearson Prentice Hall
- Alexis Leon & Mathews Leon, Computers Today, Leon Vikas,
- Alexis & Mathews Leon, Fundamentals of Information Technology, Leon Vikas, ISBN 08125907890
- Arthur M. Lesk. Introduction to Bioinformatics. Oxford publishers.
- Attwood, T.K., Parry, D. J. (2006) Introduction to Bioinformatics. SmithPearson Education Ltd. London.
- Barbara Wilson, Information Technology: The Basics, Thomson Learning
- Bryan Bergeron M.D. (2003). Bioinformatics Computing. Pearson Education Ltd. London
- Claverie & Notredame. (2003). Bioinformatics A Beginners Guide, Wiley- Dreamtech India Pvt Ltd.
- Dan E. Krane and Michael L. Raymer, Fundamental Concepts of Bio-informatics, Pearson Education
- George Beekman, Eugene Rathswohl, Computer Confluence, Pearson Education, ISBN 0-13-066185-6
- Greg Perry, SAMS Teach Yourself Open Office. Org, SAMS, ISBN 0672326183
- Jean M. Clavierie and Notredam. Bioinformatics, a beginners Guide.o John Wiley, India.
- John Ray, 10 Minute Guide to Linux, PHI,ISBN 81-203-1549-9,
- Mani, K. and Vijayaraj, N. Bioinformatics, A practical Approach Aparna Publication Coimbatore.
- Mount, D. Bioinformatics: sequence & Genome Analysis, Cold spring Harbor press,USA.
- Ramesh Bangia, *Learning Computer Fundamentals*, Khanna book Publishers, ISBN 818752252b,
- Rastogi et. al., Bioinformatics: Methods and Applications, Prentice Hall of India.
- Xiong, J. (2007) Essential bioinformatics. 2nd edition. Cambridge University press.
- Westhead, D.R., Parish, J.H. and Twyman, R.M. (2003) Bioinformatics. Viva Books Private Limited, NewDelhi.

Web Resources

- www.fgcu.edu/support/office2000
- www.openoffice.org *Open Office Official* web site
- www.microsoft.com/office MS Office web site
- www.lgta.org *Office* on-line lessons
- www.learnthenet.com Web Primer
- www.computer.org/history/timeline
- www.computerhistory.org
- www.keralaitmisson.org Kerala Govt. IT Dept.
- www.technopark.og
- http://ezinearticles.com/?Understanding-The-IOperation-Of-Mobile-Phone-
- Networks&id=68259
- http://www.scribd.com/doc/259538/All-about-mobile -phones
- http://www.studentworkzone.com

Semester IV

Zoology Core course III

ENVIRONMENT STUDIES, TOXICOLOGY & DISASTER

MANAGEMENT

Course code – AUZO441

No. of Credits - 3 Total hours 54

Aim of the course

- Basic knowledge on ecosystem, food chain, food web and energy flow
- General awareness on pollution and their impacts

Objectives of the course

- To impart basic knowledge on ecosystems and their functioning
- To learn about various types of anthropogenic pressures on ecosystem, related degradation and management measures
- To study toxicants, their impacts on human health and environment and remedial measures
- To create awareness about disasters, prevention and mitigation measures

Environmental Studies

25+9 hrs

Module I

Components of ecosystem: Environmental factors - abiotic factors, light, temperature, soil, water, air; biotic factors- autotrophs, phagotrophs and saprotrophs; ecosystem interaction and inter-relationship between biotic and abiotic factors, the cybernetic nature and the stability of the ecosystem. Pond as an ecosystem (self study)

Module II 6hrs

Biogeochemical cycles: Basic types of biogeochemical cycles - gaseous cycle-carbon and nitrogen cycles, mention sedimentary cycles (P and S), recycling pathways and recycle index. **Limiting Factors-** basic concepts- Leibig's law of minimum, Shelford's law of tolerance, combined concept of limiting factors, Light and temperature as limiting factors.

Module III 5hrs

Habitat Ecology: Biosphere classification- lithosphere, hydrosphere and atmosphere physical features, fauna and their adaptations of aquatic, terrestrial and marine habitats (self study) Population ecology: Properties of population- density, natality, mortality, age distribution, biotic potential, environmental resistance and carrying capacity, population growth forms, J and S shaped curves, emigration, immigration and migration, population fluctuation. Community ecology: Definition and characters, species diversity; stratification; dominance; ecotone and edge effect; ecological indicators; community periodicity, succession (self study)

Module IV 5hrs

Anthropogenic impact on ecosystem: Ionizing radiation and radioisotopes, ionizing radiation and human health, radiation accidents and other exposures, disposal of radioactive wastes, pesticides like DDT, endosulfan, furadan, insect repellants, e-wastes. Monitoring of pollutants – physical, chemical and biological.

Module IV 9 hrs

Global environmental changes -Global warming, Green house effect, Ozone depletion, Climate change. Kyoto protocol, IPCC/UNFCC, Carbon credit, Carbon sequestration, Carbon trading

Module V

Wild life conservation and management: Significance, causes of extinction, concepts of threatened species, red data book, IUCN, WWF, CITES, Green Environment and Green peace; protected areas, biosphere reserves, national parks and sanctuaries in India, forests in India, desertification, deforestation, carbon trading; importance of mangroves in coastal ecosystems-conservation and management (self study)

Module VI 9hrs

Environmental biotechnology: Biotechnological methods of pollution detection, biotechnological methods in pollution abatement, bioremediation, biotechnology and biodegradation, genetically engineered microbes in bio-treatment of waste, eco-friendly bioproducts for environmental health, bio-piracy, bio-pesticides and bio-fertilizers, organic farming and its merits. Green chemistry – designing a Green synthesis, basic principles of Green chemistry.

TOXICOLOGY

Module VII 3hrs

General Principles of Toxicology: Definition, Scope of Toxicology ,Different areas of Toxicology, Classification of Toxic Agents –Route and Site of Exposure-Duration and Frequency of Exposure – Dose Response.

Module VIII 3hrs

Disposition of Toxicants: Introduction- Absorption, Distribution, Excretion, Biotransformation, Bioactivation.

Module IX 4hrs

Target Organs and Testing Procedures: Bioassay – LC 50/LD 50 Determination-Acute Toxicity –Short-term and long term Studies – Experimental Design – Selection of Species.

DISASTER MANAGEMENT

Module X 10 hrs

Concept of disaster, Concept of risk, Levels of disaster, Disaster phenomenon and events (global, national and regional). Disaster management mechanism- Concept of risk management and crisis management, Disaster management cycle, Response and recovery, Development, Prevention, Mitigation and preparedness, planning of relief.

Suggested topics for Assignments (not for ESE)

- 1. First aid in burning
- 2. Protective measures to be taken for environmental hazards
- 3. Management of contagious diseases

Reference

- Beck, W.S., Liem, K.F. & Simpson, G.G. (1991). Life: An Introduction to Biology (3rd Ed.). Harper Collins Publishers, New York, pp 1361. ISBN: 0 06 500009 9.
- Bharucha, E. (2005). *Textbook of Environmental Studies*. Universities Press (P) Ltd, India, pp 276. ISBN 81 7371 540 8.
- Chapman, J.L. & Reiss, M.J. (). *Ecology: Principles and Applications* (2d Ed.). Cambridge University Press, UK. ISBN: 0 521 00575 2.
- Charry, S.N. (2008). *Environmental Studies*. MacMillan India Ltd. ISBN: 10: 0230 63531 8, 13: 987 0230 6351 9.
- Cunningham, W.P. & Cunningham, M.A. (2003). Principles of Environmental Science inquiry and Applications. Tata McGraw Hill Publishing Company Ltd, New Delhi. ISBN 0 07 058112 6.

- Donald Van DeVeer & Christine Pierce (). *The Environmental Ethics & Policy Book* (3rd Ed.). Wadsworth-Thomson Learning, Canada. ISBN: 0 534 56188 8.
- Emmel, T.C. (1976). *Population Biology*. Harper & Row Publishers, New York. ISBN 0 06 041904 0.

TOXICOLOGY

- Butler, G.C. 198\78, Principles of Ecotoxicology. John Wiley and Sons, Chichester.
- Casarett and Doulls's 1980. Toxicology: The Basic Science of Poisons.. II (Eds.) Macmillan publishing co., Inc, New York.
- Foster L. Mayer, Donald J. Versteeg, Michael, J. McKee and Barnett A. Ratlner, 1992, Biomarkers, physiological and non-specific biomarkers. Lewis publishers, London.
- Frant C.L.V. 1991, Basic Toxicology II (Eds.), Hemisphere publishing corporation, Washington, London
- Fumi Matsumura, 1980. Toxicology of Insecticides. Plenum Press, New York and London.
- Sambasiva Rao K.R.S. 1999. Pesticide impact on fish metabolism. (Eds.) Discovery Publishing House, New Delhi.
- Thomas J. Haley and William O. Berndt, 1987. Handbook of toxicology. Hemisphere Publishing Corporation, Washington.

DISASTER MANAGEMENT

- Bryant Edwards (2005): Natural Hazards, Cambridge University Press, U.K.
- Carter, Nick 1991. Disaster Management: A Disaster Manager's Handbook. Asian Development Bank, Manila Philippines.
- Carter, W. Nick, 1991: Disaster Management, Asian Development Bank,
- Coppola P Damon, 2007. Introduction to International Disaster Management,
- Cuny, F. 1983. Development and Disasters, Oxford University Press. Manila.
- Ahluwalia, V. K. and Malhotra, S. (2006). Environmental science. Ane Books Pvt.Ltd.
- Allbrook D.B. (19750. The Evolution of Man. Part I and II. Gage Edl. Pub.and Deep Publications.
- Andrews M.I. and Joy K.P. (1989). Ecology Evolution and Zoogeography. Robers K, Kerieyer Pubo., New York.
- Aravind Kumar. (2004). Text Book of Environmental Science. APH Associates, Inc. Publishers. Massachusetts.
- Atchia. M. and Tropp.S. (1995). Environmental Management, John Wiley.
- Bhatia .A.l. Current trends in Global EnvironmentNew India publishing Agency,
- Bishop.P.L. (2000). Pollution Prevention: Fundamentals and Practice,
- Brace, C.L. (1967). The stages of Human Evolution, Prentice Hall International.CambridgeUniversity Press.33.
- Chapman J.L. and M.J. (1999). Ecology Principles and Applications.
- Chatterjee B. (2003). Environmental Laws: Imple mentation problems

Zoology Core Course IV

Practical I - Methodology and Perspectives of Science and Zoology, Animal Diversity I and Animal Diversity II

Course Code – AUZO44PI No. of credits – 4

Aim of the course

To provide a hands on training experience in anatomy through simple dissection and mountings

Objectives of the course

- To familiarize students with conventional organ system in common, easily available animals.
- To emphasize the adage that 'seeing is believing' typical examples and economically important specimen (preserved) to be studied.
- To study and carry out routine clinical analysis of blood and urine.

Methodology and Perspectives of Zoology

Study of the following instruments

- 1. Compound microscope
- 2. Centrifuge
- 3. Colorimeter
- 4. Microtome
- 5. pH Meter

Biostatistics

Graphs, Tables, Histogram, Pie diagram.

Mean median, mode, standard deviation and standard error students't- test and chi - square test

Animal Diversity I

Minor Practicals - any four.

- 1. Nereis parapodium
- 2. Earthworm body setae
- 3. Cockroach salivary apparatus in situ

- 4. Cockroach mouth parts
- 5. Honey bee mouth parts / mosquito mouth parts
- 6. Prawn appendages

Major Practical - any two

- 1. Earthworm nervous system
- 2. Cockroach nervous system
- 3. Prawn nervous system

Taxonomy

Identification and classification of the following specimens

- 1. Protista Actinophrys, Noctiluca, Pramecium, Opalina any 2
- 2. Phylum Porifera Euplectella, Spongilla- any 1
- 3. Phylum Cnidaria Hydra, Obelia, Physalia, Aurelia, Sea anemone, Madrepora any 3
- 4. Phylum Nematoda *Ascaris* male and female (entire)
- 5. Phylum Platyhelminthes *Bipalium*, *Fasciola*, *Teania solium* any 1
- 6. Phylum Annelida Earthworm, Nereis, Leech, Aphrodite, Arenicola any 1
- 7. Phylum Onychophora *Peripatus*
- 8. Phylum Arthropoda Cockroach, *Limulus, Eupagurus, Sacculina*, Honey bee, *Lepisma*, Scorpion any 3
- 9. Phylum Mollusca Chiton, *Pila, Xancus, Dentalium, Perna, Mytilus, Teredo, Sepia, Octopus.* any 2
- 10. Phylum Echinodermata Starfish, Brittle star, Sea urchin, Sea cucumber, Sea lily any 2

Animal Diversity II

Minor practical

Fishes - placoid scales of *Scoloidon* and cycloid and ctenoid scales of *Anabas*

Osteology

Human limb bones, girdles, typical vertebra, atlas, axis, thoracic and lumbar vertebrae and lower jaw.

Turtle - carapace and plastron.

Taxonomy

Prochordates – *Amphioxus* (entire)

Pisces - 2 cartilaginous fishes, 2 fishes with accessory respiratory organs, 2 edible fishes and 2 culture fishes.

Amphibia - any 3 (representing the three orders).

Reptilia - 2 poisonous and 2 non -poisonous snakes, Draco, Chamaelon

Aves - Different feathers, Pigeon.

Mammals - Bat

Compulsory assignment for practical

Animal Diversity I (5% of practical CE)

Students shall collect any 2 invertebrates/parasites/pests specimens and prepare a brief note including taxonomy and submit for evaluation.

Animal Diversity II (5% of practical CE)

Students shall collect any two local fish and prepare a brief note including taxonomy and submit for evaluation.

Semester V

Zoology Core course IV

Cell and Molecular Biology Course code – AUZO541

No. of credits – 4 Total hours 90

Aim of the course

To educate the student on the fundamental structure, biochemistry and function of the cell and the principles of molecular biology and gene manipulation

Objectives of the course

- To study the ultra-structure of prokaryotic and eukaryotic cells
- To study the nature, replication and modification of the genetic material of eukaryotes
- To obtain a broad concept of gene expression and regulation

Cell Biology 50 hrs

Module I 38hrs

History, development and scope of cell biology, discovery of cells; cell theory and its modern version (self study). Cell and its components:basic types of cells- prokaryotic and eukaryotic, nature and comparison (self study) Ultra structural organization and functions:

Plasma membrane- ultra structure- fluid mosaic model, functions of plasma membrane, transmembrane transport. Cell communication- cell signaling and signal transduction, basic elements involved.

Mitochondria- structure, functions, mention oxidative phosphorylation and electron transport chain. Endoplasmic reticulum - morphology, types, functions and formation.

Golgi bodies - morphology, types, functions (role in secretion) and formation. Lysosomes morphology, mention major groups of enzymes, classification, polymorphism and functions. Microbodies - morphology, major enzymes, peroxisomes and glyoxisomes functions. Ribosomes - different types, subunits, functions. Proteosomes - structure, ubiquitin - tagged protein degradation. Centrioles and basal bodies- structure and functions. Cytoskeleton- microtubules, microfilaments and intermediate filaments- examples and functions.

Interphase nucleus - gross structure and functions; nuclear envelope- pores and pore complexes; nuclear lamina, formation of NE; nucleoplasm- nature and importance.

Nucleolus - structure, nucleolar cycle, nucleolar organizer and functions.

Chromatin - euchromatin and heterochromatin, nucleosomes, unit fibre, solenoid fibre, and higher order of organization, condensation and coiling.

Chromosome - structure of a typical metaphase chromosome; giant chromosomes- polytene chromosomes, lamp brush chromosomes; endomitosis.

Module II 8hrs

Cell Division: cell cycle- G1, S, G2, and M phases (mention G0, and D0 stages and their significances); amitosis (brief account only). Mitosis (self study). Meiosis: description of all stages, synaptonemal complex, significance

Module III 2hrs

Biology of cancer: characteristics of cancer cells, dedifferentiation of cancer cells, theories of cancer, carcinogenesis, oncogenes and tumor suppressor genes

Module IV 2hrs

Aging: cellular and other changes, apoptosis, causes of aging, mention free radicals and superoxide dismutase (SOD), theories of aging.

Molecular Biology

40 hrs

Module V 16hrs

Introduction: history, development and scope.

Nature of genetic material: search for the genetic material, Griffith's experiment, transformation, contributions of Avery, Mac Leod and Mc Carty, Conrat & Stern's experiment with TMV, Hershey & Chase's experiment, and transduction.

Composition and structure of nucleic acids - Watson - Crick model of DNA, clover leaf model of tRNA, different types of DNA and RNA; DNA replication in prokaryotes and eukaryotes - Semi-conservative method, Messelson & Stahl experiment, replication machinery and mechanism; modification and repair of DNA.

ModuleVI 15hrs

Gene Expression: contributions of Garrod, one gene – one enzyme hypothesis, one gene one polypeptide hypothesis, central dogma of Molecular Biology, central dogma reverse, colinearity of genes and gene products.

Genetic code - deciphering / cracking the GC, characteristics of GC, codon assignment and wobble hypothesis.

Mention contributions of Nirenberg and his associates, Khorana and his associates.

Transcription of RNAs - RNA polymerases, transcription factors, mechanism of transcription, post-transcriptional modifications of mRNA, rRNA and tRNA, reverse transcription, translation – machinery and mechanism; post translational modification of proteins; role of chaperones in protein normal folding and protection

Module VII 5hrs

Gene regulation: in prokaryotes (inducible and repressive systems); operon concept – Lac operon and Trp operon

Module VIII 4hrs

Bacterial Recombination: transformation, conjugation and transduction (general and specialized transduction)

Suggested topics for assignments / seminars (not for ESE)

- 1. Basic properties of cells
- 2. A brief history of studies on plasma membrane structure
- 3. Role of Ca++ in signal transduction
- 4. Chemical components of: a) Endopla smic reticulum b) Golgi bodies c) Lysosomes d) Ribosomes
- 5. Models of ribosome structure
- 6. Lysosomes and storage diseases
- 7. Phenylketonuria
- 8. Alkaptonuria
- 9. Albinism

References

- Alberts, B. et al. Molecular Biology of the Cell. Garland Pubg. Inc., New York
- Beker, W. M. et. al. (2004) The World of Cell. Pearson Edn., Singapore
- Bhaskaran, K. K. & Biju Kumar, A. Cell Biology, Genetics & Molecular Biology. Manjusha
- Darnell, J. et al. Molecular Cell Biology. Scientific American Book
- De Roberties, E. D. P. et al. Cell and Molecular Biology TMH

- Freifelder, D. *Molecular Biology*. Narosa Publishing House, N. D.
- Karp G. (2005). Cell and Molecular Biology. 4 e, John Wiley & Sons, Inc.
- Kleinsmith, L. J. & Kish, V. M. (1995). *Principles of Cell and Molecular Biology*. 2e, Harper Collins College Pubs
- Micklos, D. A. & Freyer, G. A. (1990). *DNA Science*. Cold-Spring Harbour Lab Press.
- Primrose, S. B. et al. (2000). Principles of Gene Manipulation, 6e, Blackwell Science.
- Sadava, D. E. *Cell Biology*. Jones & Bartlett Publishers, London
- Sheeler, P. and Bianchi D. E. Cell Biology –Structure, Biochemistry and Functions.
- Snustad & Simons. (2003) Principles of Genetics. 3e, J W & S
- Strachan, I. & Read, A. P. (1999) Human Molecular Genetics. JW & S
- Veera Bala Rastogi. (2006). Fundamentals of Molecular Biology 1 e. Ane Books, India
- Verma, P. S. & Agarwal, V. K. Cytology. S. Chand & Co.
- Vijayakumaran Nair, K. & Jayaprakash, M. Cell Biology, Genetics, Molecular Biology. Academica, TVM.
- Vijg J. *Aging of the Genome*, Oxford University Press
- Watson, J.D. et al., Molecular Biology of the Gene, 4e, Benjamin Cummings

Semester V

Zoology Core Course VI

Genetics and Biotechnology

Course Code - AUZO542

No. of credits – 4

Total hours 72

Aim of the course

To educate the students on the underlying genetic mechanism operating in man and state of the art bio-techniques

Objectives of the course

- To learn the mechanism of crossing over and inheritance patterns in man.
- To understand the principles and techniques involved in DNA technology and get an overview of modern techniques like PCR, Hybridoma technology, gene therapy and human cloning

Genetics 37hrs

Module 1 8hrs

Introduction, Mendel and his experiments, relevance of Mendel's principles in modern genetics (self study); genetic terminology-gene, allele, genotype, phenotype, genome; wild type and mutant type, test cross, back cross and reciprocal cross.

Interaction of genes: Allelic, incomplete dominance, lethal and co-dominance,non- allelic, complementary gene action (self study); Co-epistasis, dominant (feather coat) and recessive (coat colour), polygenic action (skin colour), pleiotropism(one example). Multiple alleles- ABO Blood group system, Rh group and its inheritance.

Module II 8hrs

Linkage, crossing over and recombination: Linked genes, linkage groups, chromosome theory of linkage, factors affecting linkage, crossing over and recombination, mechanism, kinds and factors affecting crossing over and its significance. Chromosome mapping (brief account only); Sex Linkage: Characteristics of sex linked inheritance, sex linked inheritance of man (colour blindness and haemophilia), incompletely sex linked genes, holandric genes, sex limited genes and sex influenced genes.

Module III 8hrs

Sex Determination: Environmental factors on sex determination, mention genic balance theory, chromosome theory of sex determination, chromosomal mechanism of sex determination, (XX-XY, XX-XO, ZZ-ZW), sex determination in man, role of Y chromosome, Barr bodies, dosage compensation and Lyon hypothesis. Chromosome mosaicism; Mention inter sex, gynandromorph and hermaphrodite.

Module IV 6hrs

Mutation: Types of mutations - somatic, germinal, spontaneous, induced, autosomal and allosomal, euploidy and aneuploidy. Gene mutation, molecular basis of mutation, induced mutation- chemical, ionizing and non ionizing.

Module V 3hrs

Cytoplasmic inheritance: Mitochondrial DNA, kappa particles in paramecium, maternal effects in Drosophila.

Module VI 4hrs

Human Genetics: Karyotyping, normal chromosome compliment, pedigree analysis, chromosomal anomalies in man, autosomal (eg. Down syndrome, Edwards syndrome), allosomal (eg. Klinefelters syndrome, Turner's syndrome) Biochemical genetics: Human biochemical genetics, biochemical pathway of phenyl alanine, tyrosine metabolism in normal man. Disorders-Phenylketonuria, Alkaptonuria, Tyrosinosis and Albinism.

Biotechnology 35 hrs

Module VII 9hrs

Introduction-Scope of biotechnology, emerging branches of biotechnology. Genetic engineering and recombinant DNA technology, techniques in gene cloning, restriction endonucleases, ligases, major steps in cutting and joining of DNA, tools used in recombinant DNA technology, vectors, plasmids, probes, linkers, host cells, transformation and detection of recombinant molecules.

Module VIII 6hrs

Genomic library, construction of genomic library and cDNA library, Polymerase Chain Reaction-basic steps and applications of PCR, DNA sequencing (Sanger method, Automated sequencing), patenting DNA sequences.

Module IX 5hrs

Blotting Techniques: Southern, Northern and Western blotting, DNA fingerprinting.

Module X 6hrs

Human Genome Project, hybridoma technology and monoclonal antibodies; gene transfer techniques (chemical treatment, electroporation, lipofection, microinjection, retro viral vector method, embryonic stem cell method and shot gun method); transgenic microbes, plants and animals.

Module XI 4hrs

Gene therapy: somatic gene therapy and germ line gene therapy; gene doping and its implications; DNA vaccines; Human cloning –therapeutic and reproductive cloning.

Module XII 5hrs

Practical applications of biotechnology-in medicine, agriculture, industry, pollution control, forensics and judiciary. Potential hazards of biotechnology.

Bio-ethics - problems and solutions. Biotechnology in future.

Suggested topics for assignments / seminars (not for ESE)

- 1. Mendel's laws.
- 2. Blood groups.
- 3. Intersexes, hermaphrodites, and gynandromorphs.
- 4. Genetic counseling
- 5. Human Genome Project.
- 6. Applications of DNA fingerprinting.
- 7. Ethical and social issues of Biotechnology.
- 8. Complimentary gene action.
- 9. Incomplete dominance.
- 10. Chemical mutagens in food.

References

Genetics

- Benjamin Lewin. (2004). Genes VIII. Oxford University press, N.Y.
- Daniel J Fairbanks and W. Ralph Brooks. (1999) Genetics principles and analysis. Jones and Bartlett Publishers, Massachusetts.
- Peter Snustad, D. and Michael, J. (2000). Principles of Genetics. John Wiley and Sons, Inc., New York
- Robert J. Brooker. (1999) Genetics-analysis and principles. Addison-Wesley, Menlo Park, California
- Snustad and Simon (2003) Principles of genetics. 3e. John Wiley and Sons, New York.
- Strachan, I. and Read. (1999) Human molecular genetics. John Wiley and Sons, Newyork.

Biotechnology

- Bernard R. Glick and Jack J. Pasternak. (2003). Molecular biology. ASM Press, Washington DC
- Brown, T. A. (1995). Gene cloning. Chapman and Hall, London
- Daniel J. Fairbanks. (1999). Genetics. Ralph Brooks, Cole Publishing Company
- George M Malasinski and David Freifelder (1988) Essentials of Molecular Biology. Jones and Bartlett Publishers, London.
- Gerald Karp (1996). Cell and Molecular Biology Concepts and Experiments. JohnWiley & sons, Inc. N.Y.
- Kingsman, S. M. and A.J.Kingsman. (1988). Genetic Engineering. Blackwell Scientific Publications, London
- MaxLevitan. (1988). Text Book of Human Genetics. Oxford university Press, N.Y.
- Old, R. W. and Primrose, S.B. (1994). Principles of Gene Manipulation. Blackwell Scientific Publications London
- Peter J Russell (1998) Genetics. The Benjamin cummines publishing co., Inc. Menlo Park, California.
- Taylor. D. J., Green, N. P. O. and Stout, G. W. (2008). Biological science. 3rd edition. Cambridge University press.
- William H Elliott and Daphne C Elliott. (1997). Biochemistry and Molecular Biology. Oxford University Press, N. Y.

Semester V

Zoology Core course VII Immunology and Microbiology Course code – AUZO543

No. of credits – 4 Total hours 72

Aim of the course

To update the student on the scope and importance of clinical immunology and create an awareness about the inherent dangers of microbes

Objectives of the course

- To enable the student to understand the principles and mechanisms of immunology
- To learn the malfunctioning and disorders of the immune system
- To get a broad understanding of microbes and their economic importance with special reference to pathogenic forms.

Immunology 37hrs

Module I 2hrs

Introduction, history, development and scope.

Module II 3hrs

Immunity: definition, classification of immunity. Innate (non-specific) – species, racial and individual IM with examples, acquired (specific) – active IM (natural and artificial) with examples, passive IM (natural and artificial) examples.

Module III 6hrs

Immune system: organs and tissues of the immune system. Primary (central) - thymus, bone marrow, bursa of Fabricii; secondary (peripheral)- spleen, lymph nodes, MALT etc. Cellslymphocytes – T cells and B cells – formation, development and maturation; plasma cells and null cells – natural killer cells, killer cells, lymphokine - activated killer cells; phagocytes / macrophages; antigen presenting cells – macrophages, B-lymphocytes, dendrite cells, Langerhans cells; follicular dentrite cells, neutrophils, eosinophils, basophils, mast cells. Mitogens – mention only

Module IV 14hrs

Antigens (immunogens) (Ag): definition, complete antigens, haptens, antigenic determinants or epitopes; antibodies (Immoglobulins)- definition, general structure of Ig, Ig determinants, physico-chemical properties of Ig, classes of Ig- G, M, A, D, E; mention abnormal Igs; antigen – antibody reactions- mechanism (mention zone phenomenon), precipitation reactions, agglutination reactions, complement fixation, neutralization, opsonisation (brief accounts only) Complement system: definition, general features, major histocompatibility complex (MHC) (brief account only). Immune response- definition, types of immune responses- humoral immune response (antigen mediated immunity - AMI) and cellular immune response (cell mediated immunity - CMI) in detail, induction of CMI, mention cytokines, define immunological memory, immunological tolerance and immune suppression

Module V 12hrs

Hyper sensitivity / allergy: definitions, classification- types I, II and III (Brief accounts only); immuno deficiency diseases (ID)- definition, primary IDs, disorders of immune mechanism (humoral, cellular and combined IDs), disorders of complements, disorders of phagocytosis, mention one example each, secondary IDs - mention example, an account of Acquired Immune Deficiency Syndrome (AIDS); Auto immunity-definition, mechanism, mention AI diseases; transplantation immunity-definition, classification of transplants, graft versus host reactions; graft rejection, mechanism of graft rejection, factors affecting graft survival; Immunisation and vaccination- definitions, vaccines; types of immunization- active immunization- killed and live attenuated vaccines, microbial extracts, vaccine conjugates, toxoids, recombined vaccines, DNA vaccines; passive immunization- pooled normal human Igs, specific Igs (hyper antisera); combined immunization

Microbiology 35hrs

Module VI 14hrs

Introduction: history, development and scope Importance of microbes in various ways beneficial, harmful, ecological and others. Classification of microbes/ particles: broad classification- viruses- different groups, examples; mention viroids and prions, *Mycoplasmas*, *Rickettsiae* and *Chlamydiae*; Bacteria: 1. Archaea – significance of extreme life forms(*Methanoarchaea*, extreme halophiles and thermophiles); Eubacteria (=Bacteria) Major

groups of Eubacteria: Bergey's system of classification; modern methods classification of Eubacteria (outline only with familiar examples)- Nonphotosynthetic proteobacteria:- (Fermentative Rods and Vibrios) ex. *Vibrio, Pasteurella* (oxidative rods and cocci) eg. *Pseudomonas, Azotobacter, Rhizobium;* Chemo-lithotrophic bacteria:- eg. nitrifying, sulphur and iron bacteria; Firmicutes (eg. Staphylococcus) and Actinobacteria (Coryneform bacteria); Phototrophic bacteria (Cyanobacteria); Algae-(details not expected) Protista- different groups-examples: *Plasmodium, Giardia*; Fungi- Mention different groups – example *Candida*. Structure of a bacteriophage and a typical bacterium

Module VII 9hrs

Applied microbiology: various fields: emphasis on environmental, agricultural, medical, biotechnological, industrial and strategic fields

Module VIII 12hrs

Symbiotic microbes: microbes with other microbes, microbes with plants microbes with animals; microbe – human host interactions, normal human microbiota of various organsmention any 3 examples, pathogenic mic robes – mention any 3 examples, microbial toxins – mention any 2 examples. Microbial diseases in man (of skin, respiratory system etc.)- viral – chicken pox, measles, cold, herpes, hepatitis, poliomyelitis; bacterial – diphtheria, pneumonia, leprosy, ornithosis; fungal – aspergillosis, candidiasis and others – malaria

Suggested topics for assignments / seminars (not for ESE)

- 1. Factors affecting innate immunity
- 2. Defence mechanisms of the body against infections
- 3. Factors affecting antibody production
- 4. Theories of antibody production
- 5. Organ transplantation
- 6. Immunization and vaccination
- 7. Antiseptics and antibiotics
- 8. Sterilisation and disinfection
- 9. Inflammation and fever
- 10. Blood transfusion and safety
- 11. Timing of vaccination: National Immunization Schedule

- Ananthanarayanan, R. & Panikar, J.: TB of Microbiology. Orient Longman
- Chakraborty, P. A.: A TB of Microbiology. New Central Book Agency, Kolkotta
- Chapel, H. et al.: Essentials of Clinical immunology. 5 e., '06. Ane Books, India.
- Gandhi. *Microbiology and Immunology notes and cases* Blackwell Publishing.
- Goldsby et al.: Immunology. 5 e., 2003. W H Freeman
- Heritage, J. et. al. Introductory Microbiology. Cambridge University Press.
- Hyda, R. M.: *NMS Immunology*. B. I. Waverly
- Johnson, T. R. & Case, C. L.: Lab. Expts. In Microbiology. 2003. Addison Wesley.
- Joshi, K. R.: *Immunology*. Agro Bios
- Krieg, N. R. & Holt, J. G. *Bergey's Manual of Systematic Bacteriology*. Vols 1 4. (1984-89). Williams & Wilkins, Baltimore
- Kuby, J.: *Immunology*. W. H. Freeman
- Lydyard, P. M. et al.: Instant Notes in Immunology. Viva Books
- Nagoaba, B. S. & Vedpathak, D. V.: TB of Immunology. '03. Paras Pub., Hyderabad
- Pelczar, M. J., Reid, R. D. and Chan, E. C. S.: *Microbiology*, TMH.
- Perry, J. J., Stanley, J. T. & Lory, S.: *Microbial Life*. 2002. Sinaeur Associates.
- Playfair, J.H. L. et al.: Medical Immunology for students. Churchill Livingstone, UK
- Rajeshwar Reddy, K. TB of Immunology. 2007. AITBS Publishers, India
- Rao, A. S. *Introduction to Microbiology*, Prentice Hall of India.
- Roitt, I. M.: Essential Immunology. Blackwell Scientific
- Schiegel, H. G. General Microbiology, Cambridge University Press.
- Shetty & Nandini: *Immunology*. Wiley Eastern
- Talwar, G. P.: A Handbook of Practical Immunology. Vikas, New Delhi
- Todd. Lecture notes on Immunology. Iowa State Uty. Press. Ane Books India
- Tortora, G. et. al.: *Microbiology- An Introduction*. 2003. Addison Wesley
- Wise, D. J. & Carter, G. R. Immunology. Iowa State Uty. Press. Ane Books India

Zoology Core course VIII

Practical II - Cell and Molecular Biology, Genetics and Biotechnology and Immunology and Microbiology

Course Code – AUZO54PII

No. of credits - 4

Aim of the course

To expertise the student to carry out routine hematological and microbiological techniques

Students can see and experience different types of cells cellular phenomena.

They can apply the principles of genetics in laboratory.

Objectives of the course

- 1) To prepare and observe chromosomal arrangements during cell division
- 2) To study chromosomal aberrations in man
- 3) To gain of broad knowledge of conventional biotechnological procedures
- 4) To perform routine blood analysis.

Cell Biology and Molecular Biology

- 1. Staining of prokaryotic cells: (a) *Lactobacillus* from curd (b) Nitrogen fixing bacteria (*Rhizobium*) from root nodules of legumes
- 2. Staining of eukaryotic cells: buccal epithelial cells (observe Barr body)
- 3. Study of cell organelles
- 4. Mitosis: stages in onion (*Allium cepa*) root meristem (squash preparation)
- 5. Calculation of mitotic index and metaphase index in root meristem of Allium cepa
- 6. Meiosis: stages in testis of grass hopper (demonstration only)
- 7. Giant chromosomes in Diptera: (*Drosophila Chironomus* larvae) salivary gland cells. (Demonstration only)

Genetics

- 1. Study of monohybrid cross using coloured beads.
- 2. Study of normal chromosome compliment and karyotype of man.
- 3. Study of genetic syndromes and abnormal karyotypes of man (Klinefelter's syndrome, Turner's syndrome, Down syndrome and Edward syndrome).
- 4. Study of Barr body and its significance (in stained buccal epithelial cells).

- 5. Construction of Pedigree chart.
- 6. Study of phenotypic characters of male and female Drosophila.

Biotechnology

- 1. DNA extraction
- 2. Polymerase Chain Reaction
- 3. Southern blotting and Northern blotting
- 4. Gene cloning

(Demonstration in the Department / Visit to research institute / CD display)

Immunology and Microbiology

- 1. Collection of blood, and study of the effect of anticoagulant.
- 2. Total and differential count of blood cells.
- 3. ABO and Rh systems of blood grouping.
- 4. Microscopic observation and study of stained preparations of any two microbes

Semester VI

Zoology Core Course IX

Human Anatomy, Physiology and Biochemistry Course Code – AUZO641

No. of credits – 4 Total hours 90

Aim of the course

To improve the student's perspective of health and biology through in-depth study of human physiology

Objectives of the course

- To study the different system and the inherent disorders/ deficiencies involved there in.
- To learn the structure and functions of bio-molecules and their role in metabolism

Physiology 60hrs

Module I 6hrs

Nutritional Physiology: Structure of digestive system (self study). General introduction, types of nutrition, mechanical and chemical changes of food in the alimentary canal, balanced diet, nutritional disorders – PEM, vitamin deficiency, deficiency of iron, iodine and calcium, lifestyle diseases, role of fibres, nervous and hormonal control of digestion

Module II 8hrs

Circulatory Physiology: Structure of Heart. (self study). Blood- Composition and functions of blood plasma and formed elements, blood groups, mechanism of blood clotting, intrinsic and extrinsic pathways, disorders of blood clotting, anticoagulants, heartbeat, conducting system and pace maker, pulse and blood pressure, clinical significance, control of cardiac activity, common cardio vascular diseases — arteriosclerosis, atherosclerosis, Myocardial infarction, electrocardiogram, angiogram, angioplasty. Lymph and lymphatic system (brief account)

Module III 8hrs

Respiratory Physiology: Structure of lungs (self study). Gas exchange, respiratory pigments-structure of haemoglobin, transport of O2- Oxyhaemoglobin curve, Bohr effect, transport of CO2 -carbonic acid, carbamino haemoglobin, bicarbonate and chloride shift, regulation of respiration – neural and chemical; respiratory disturbances – apnoea, dyspnoea, hypoxia, hypo and hyper

capnia, asphyxia, carbon monoxide poisoning, bronchitis, asthma. Physiological effects of smoking.

Module IV 8hrs

Renal Physiology: Structure of Kidney. (self study). Nephron – structure, urine formation, counter-current multiplier system, role of kidney in osmoregulation, composition of urine, abnormal constituents of urine, regulation of kidney functions, renal disorders – nephritis, haematurea, renal calculi, acidosis and alkalosis – Dialysis and kidney transplantation.

ModuleV 8 hrs

Muscle Physiology: Brief account of types of muscles, fast and slow twitch muscles, red and white muscles. Ultra structure of striated muscle fibre, muscle proteins, simple muscle twitch, summation, tetanus, tonus, All or None law, fatigue, oxygen debt, rigor mortis. Physiological and biochemical events in muscle contraction.

Module VI 6 hrs

Nerve Physiology: Structure of Brain. (self study). Neurons – structure, types of neuron (self study). Synapse and types of synapse, nerve impulse propagation, synaptic transmission. Reflex action, refractory period, neuro transmitters, electro encephalogram. Nerve disorders – epilepsy, Alzheimer's disease, Parkinson's disease.

Module VII 5 hrs

Sensory Physiology: Structure of eye and ear (self study). Physiology of vision, visual elements and pigments, photo chemistry of vision. Eye defects — myopia, hyperopia, presbyopia, astigmatism, cataract. Structure of ear and mechanism of hearing, hearing impairments — deafness, labyrinthine disease. Olfactory, gustatory and tactile sense organs

Module VIII 3hrs

Reproductive physiology: Male and female reproductive organs (self study). Reproductive cycles, puberty, adolescence, pregnancy, parturition, lactation and birth control.

Module IX 8hrs

Endocrinology: Endocrine glands in man, hormones and disorders, feed-back mechanism, mechanism of hormonal activity.

Biochemistry 30hrs

Module X 8hrs

Biomolecules: micromolecules, macromolecules, water, buffer systems and importance; **Carbohydrates**-structure, classification- monosaccharides (trioses, tetroses, pentoses, hexoses, aldoses, ketoses), disaccharides and polysaccharides (homo and hetero polysaccharides); biological functions of carbohydrates.

Lipids- classification- simple lipids, (neutral fats and waxes), conjugated lipids (phosphor lipids, sphingo lipids, glyco lipids, lecithins, cephalins, cerebrosides, gangliosides), derived lipids (fatty acids, steroids, prostaglandins), biological functions of lipids.

Proteins - classification of proteins, amino acids- basic structure, structure of proteinprimary, secondary tertiary and quaternary structures, haemoglobin as atypical protein, biological functions of proteins.

Module XI 16hrs

Metabolism: **Carbohydrate metabolism** – glycogenesis, glycogenolysis, hexose monophosphate shunt, metabolic pathway of glucose- glycolysis, Kreb's cycle, electron transport series, chemi-osmotic theory, energetic; hormonal control of carbohydrate metabolism.

Lipid metabolism – hydrolysis of lipid, beta oxidation, mention alpha and omega oxidation of fatty acids, hormonal control of lipid metabolism, hormonal control of lipid metabolism.

Protein metabolism – deamination, transamination, formation of urea, hormonal control of protein metabolism.

Module XII 6hrs

Enzymes: Chemical nature, mechanism of enzyme action, factors affecting enzyme activity, kinetics of enzyme action, Michaelis – Menten equation, iso enzymes, co-enzyme, co-factors, enzyme activation and inhibition.

Topics for assignments / seminars (not for ESE)

- 1. Amino Acids
- 2. Nucleic Acids
- 3. Enzymes and their Classification
- 4. Nutrients
- 5. Vitamin deficiency diseases symptoms and diagnosis

- 6. Hormone deficiency diseases symptoms and diagnosis
- 7. Body temperature and its osmoregulation.
- 8. Human brain
- 9. Instruments used for the diagnosis of circulatory disorders.
- 10. Kidney related diseases and their diagnostic instruments.
- 11. Brain related diseases and their diagnostic tools.
- 12. Submission of endocrine glands of mammals (goat, cow, buffalo, pig) description.
- 13. Submission of models of diagnostic instruments with description.

References

Physiology

- Best and Taylor. (1990). Physiological basis of Medical Practice. Wilkins Co.
- Eckert, R. and D. Randell. (1987). Animal Physiology, CBS Publishers and Distributors N. Delhi.
- Ganong, W.F. (2003), Review of Medical Physiology, McGraw Hill, New Dellhi.
- Guyton, A.C. (1981). Text book of Medical Physiology, W.B. Saunders Co.
- Hoar, W.S.(1975). General and Comparative physiology, Prentice Hall.
- Mac. Eleroy, W.D. (1971). Cell Physiology and Biochemistry. Prentice hall of India Ltd.
- Nagabhushanan, R., Kaobarkar M.S. and Sarojini, R. (1983). A text book of animal physiology, Oxford IBH Publishing Co., New Delhi.
- Prosser, C.L. (1978). Comparative animal physiology. W.B.Saunders Co.
- Rama Rao, V., First aid in accidents, Srikrishnan Brothers, Thambuchetty Street, Madras.
- Schmidt-Nielson K. (2002). Animal Physiology, Prentice Hall India Ltd.
- Sebastian, M.M. Animal Physiology. Dona Publications, Changanacherry.
- St. John ambulance associations' text books (a) First aid to the injured (b) A preliminary course of first aid to the injured.
- Subramanyan, S. and Madhavankutty, K. (1977). The text book of physiology, Orient Longman Ltd., New Delhi.
- Vander, A.J., Sherman, J.H. and Luciano D.S. (1998), Human Physiology, MacGraw Hill Publishing Co., New Delhi.
- Withers P.C. (1992). Comparative animal physiology. Saunders College Publishing

Biochemistry

- Chattergi and Shinde, Text book of Medical Biochemistry.
- Conn, E.E., Stumpf, P.K., Bruening, G & Doi R.H. (1999). Outlines of Biochemistry, John Wiley and Sons, New York.
- Jain, J.L et.al. (2005). Fundamentals of Biochemistry. S. Chand & Co. Ltd., New Delhi.

- Kapalan, L.A., Pesce, A.J. and Kazmierczak, S.E. (2003). Clinical Chemistry, Mosby London.
- Keith Wilson and John Walker. (2000). Biochemistry and Molecular Biology 6th Edition, Cambridge University Press.
- Mary K. Campbell (2000). Biochemistry. Harcourt Brace College Publishers.
- Murray, R.K., Granner, D.K., Mayers, P.A. and Rodwell. (2000) Harper's Biochemistry, Prentice Hall International, Inc.
- Nelson, D.L. and Cox, M. (2000). Principles of Biochemistry, Macmillan Worth Publishers.
- Talwar G.P., Srivastava L.M. (2003). Biochemistry and Human Biology, Prentice hall of India, New Delhi.
- Thomas M. Devlin (2000). Biochemistry. John Wiley & Sons Inc. Publications
- William, H. Elliott and Daphne C. Elliot. (1997). Biochemistry and Molecular Biology, Oxford University Press, N.Y.

Semester VI

Zoology Core Course X

Developmental Biology and Experimental Embryology Course code – AUZO642

No. of credits – 4 Total hours 72

Aim of the course

To familiarize the student with the principle of developmental biology and provide him a bird's eye view of sophisticated embryological techniques

Objectives of the course

- To study the various stages involved in the developing embryo
- To study the initial developmental procedures involved in *Amphioxus*, Frog and chick
- To procure information on state- of- the art experimental procedures in embryology.

Developmental biology

57hrs

Module I 6 hrs

Introduction, historical perspective (brief account), theories- Preformation, Epigenesis, Recapitulation and Germplasm. Subdivisions of Developmental biology. Spermatogenesis and oogenesis, structure of Graafian follicle, typical egg and sperm. Polarity of egg, egg envelops; classification of eggs based on different criteria.

Module II 5hrs

Fertilization: Agglutination, sperm penetration, activation of egg, amphimixis; physiological and biochemical changes during and after fertilization. Parthenogenesis- introduction, natural and artificial parthenogenesis, arrhenotoky and thelytoky, obligatory and facultative, significance of parthenogenesis.

Module III 7hrs

Cleavage: types of cleavage - holoblastic and meroblastic; patterns of cleavage - radial, bilateral, spiral, rotational; cell lineage in Planocera (brief account only). Morula formation in microlecithal, mesolecithal, macrolecithal eggs; blastulation - introduction, different types of blastula - stereo blastula, coeloblastula, discoblastula, periblastula, blastocyst. Presumptive organ forming areas and fate maps, eg. amphioxus, frog, construction of fate maps.

Module IV 3hrs

Gastrulation: introduction, brief account of morphogenetic movements – epiboly and emboly (invagination, involution, infiltration, ingression, delamination, convergence, divergence) concept of germ layers, derivatives of germ layers.

Module V 5 hrs

Cell differentiation: totipotency, pleuripotency and unipotency of embryonic cells. Determination and differentiation in embryonic development. Gene action, Drosophila as a model organism (brief account only), Homeotic genes and Hox genes.

ModuleVI 28hrs

Development: **Amphioxus** - cleavage, blastulation, gastrulation, neurogenesis, notogenesis, mesoderm and coelom formation. **Frog** -cleavage, blastulation, gastrulation, organogeny – development of brain, eye, heart; metamorphosis - ecological, morphological and physiological changes and hormonal control. **Chick** - cleavage, blastulation, gastrulation, study of 24 hrs chick embryo; development of extra- embryonic membranes in chick. **Man** - implantation, pregnancy, parturition. Placentation in mammals – different types of placenta, functions.

Module VII 3hrs

Teratology: definition, causes, infections, drugs and chemicals, metabolic imbalance, ionizing radiation, malnutrition, autoimmunization.

Experimental embryology

Module VIII 15hrs

Spemann's constriction experiments, organizers and embryonic induction, transplantation experiments involving optic cup, nuclear transplantation experiments in amphibians. In vitro fertilization and embryo transfer experiments in farm animals, In vitro fertilization and embryo transfer experiments in man and test tube babies; cloning experiments in animals (mammals); prenatal diagnosis and sex determination methods – amniocentesis chorionic villus sampling, ultra sound scanning. Embryonic and adult stem cell research and stem cell therapy.

Suggested topics for assignments / seminars (not for ESE).

- 1. Human male and female reproductive organs.
- 2. Larval forms of invertebrates.
- 3. Metamorphosis in insects.

- 4. Regeneration in animals
- 5. Cloning experiments in animals.
- 6. Transgenic animals.
- 7. Stem cell research.
- 8. Comparative account on cleavage, blastulation, gastrulation in different animals.
- 9. Embryonic development of an invertebrate.

- P.C.Jain. (2007). Elements of Developmental Biology, 6th Edn. Rastogi Publications.
- Agarwal, V.K. and Usha Guptha, S (1998). Chand's simplified course in zoology,
- Chordate embryology and histology. S. Chand & Co Ltd.
- Balinsky. B.I. (2004). An Introduction to Embryology. W.B. Saunders & Co.
- Begley, D.J., Firth, J.A. and Houtt, J.R.S. (1980). Human Reproduction and Developmental Biology, MacMillan Press Ltd.
- Berry, A.K. (2008). An Introduction to Embryology. Emkay Publications.
- Gibbs. (2006). Practical Guide to Developmental Biology. Oxford University Press.
- Gilbert. S.F. (2000). Developmental Biology. Sinauer Associates, Inc. Publishers.
- Goel, S.C. (1984). Principles of animal developmental biology. Himalaya Publ.House, Bombay.
- Huettner, A.F. (1959). Comparative Vertebrate Embryology. MacMillan.
- Mc Even. (1970). Vertebrate Embryology. Oxford-IBH
- Nelson. (1960). Comparative Embryology of Vertebrates. MacMillan.
- Rough. (1960). Frog- Reproduction and development. Oxford University Press.
- Verma, P.S. and V.K. Agarwal (2007). Chordate Embryology. S. Chand & Co. Ltd.
- Vijayakumaran Nair, K. and P.V. George (2002). A manual of Developmental Biology. Academica, Trivandrum.
- Werner. A. Muller. (2008). Developmental Biology. Springer.
- Wolpert, L. (1998). Principles of Development. Oxford University Press, N. Y.

Semester VI

Zoology Core Course XI

Evolution, Ethology, Zoogeography & Pest Management Course Code – AUZO1643

No. of credits – 3 Total hours 72

Aim of the course

To enhance the student's concept of nature and her resources and appreciating the process and product of organic evolution

Objectives of the course

- To learn the principles, applications and management of environmental science.
- To study the inherent morphological and physiological bases of behavioural pattern exhibited by vertebrates.
- To get an exhaustive knowledge of organic evolution with special reference to man.

Evolution

Module I (5 hrs)

Origin of universe, Origin of life, Chemical evolution, Urey-Miller experiment, Oparin and Haldane hypothesis

Module II (1hrs)

Theories of organic evolution: Lamarck's theory, it's criticism (Weisman's germplasm theory) Darwin's theory of natural selection (mention the contributions of Wallace) (self study). Mutation theory, sexual selection theory.

Module III (4hrs)

Geological timescale, fossils, fossilization, paleontological evidences of evolution, fossil dating and significance of fossils.

Module IV (12hrs)

Modern concept of organic evolution: (Neo Darwinism) - genetic basis of evolution- gene pool, gene frequency, mutation, role of mutation in evolution, neutral mutation (Kimura), genetic drift, genetic equilibrium; factors affecting genetic equilibrium and Hardy –Weinberg law.

Natural selection: types of selection (brief account of the observation in *Biston betularia*), isolation and isolating mechanisms; speciation-sympatric speciation and allopatric speciation.

Module IV (8 hrs)

Evolution above species level: Adaptive radiation, Microevolution, Macroevolution, Mega evolution

Module V (10hrs)

Tempo of Evolution: Gradualism vs Punctuated equilibrium, rates of evolution- Bradytely and Tachytely, Gould's and Eldridge's contributions, orthogenesis and orthoselection, anagenesis and cladogenesis.

Evolution of man: Organic and cultural, examples of trends in human evolution, brief accounts of Parapithecus, Propliopithecus, Dryopithecus, Ramapithecus, Australopithecus, Neanderthal, Cromagnon and Modern man.

Ethology 12hrs

Module VI (12hrs)

History and scope of ethology: Motivation- models of motivation (Lorenz's psychohydraulic model and Deutsch's model). Learning- types of learning (imprinting, habituation, conditioned reflex, unconditioned reflex, latent learning, insight learning). Neural mechanisms in behaviour: role of hypothalamus and other brain centres. Hormones and behaviour; Sociobiology- social groups –merits and demerits, properties of organized societies, social groups in mammals, social stress. Pheromones and chemical communication; human pheromones.

Zoogeography 10 hrs

Module XII 4hrs

Animal Distribution: Geographic distribution of animals-cosmopolitan distribution, discontinuous distribution, bipolar distribution and isolated distribution, factors affecting animal distribution, barriers to animal distribution-physical and biological barriers.

Module XIII 6hrs

Zoogeographical Realms: (brief account of each realm mention the areas included, physical features and fauna) Palaearctic region, Australian region, Ethiopian region, Nearctic region, Oriental region and Neotropical region. Biogeographial classification of India-Western Ghats,

Eastern Ghats and Himalayas. Insular Fauna: Brief account of oceanic islands and continental islands (with one example each).

Pest Management

10hrs

Module IX

Pest Management: Introduction. Types of pesticides. Its impact on environment. Components of Biological control, Biodiversity of biocontrol agents: Parasitoids, Predators and microbial agents, Advances in Integrated Pest Management, Insect parasitism, Insect host parasite relation and crop pest biocontrol agents their interactions, pest resistence

Suggested topics for assignments / seminar (not for ESE).

- 1. Biodiversity of sacred groves of Kerala.
- 2. Mangroves of Kerala and their importance.
- 3. Wild life sanctuaries of Kerala.
- 4. Depleting water resources of Kerala
- 5. Sand mining and related problems.
- 6. Threatened animals of India.
- 7. Pheromones and behaviour.
- 8. Origin of life.
- 9. Mesozoic reptiles.

- Allbrook D.B. (19750. The Evolution of Man. Part I and II. Gage Edl. Pub. and Deep Publications.
- Ahluwalia, V. K. and Malhotra, S. (2006). Environmental science. Ane Books Pvt. Ltd.
- Andrews M.I. and Joy K.P. (1989). Ecology Evolution and Zoogeography. Robers K, Kerieyer Pubo., New York.
- Aravind Kumar. (2004). Text Book of Environmental Science. APH Associates, Inc. Publishers. Massachusetts.
- Atchia. M. and Tropp.S. (1995). Environmental Management, John Wiley.
- Bhatia .A.l. Current trends in Global EnvironmentNew India publishing Agency,
- Bishop.P.L. (2000). Pollution Prevention: Fundamentals and Practice,
- Brace, C.L. (1967). The stages of Human Evolution, Prentice Hall International. Cambridge University Press. 33.
- Chapman J.L. and M.J. (1999). Ecology Principles and Applications.
- Chatterjee B. (2003). Environmental Laws: Imple mentation problems.

- Chatterji.A.K., Introduction to Environmental biotechnology, Prentice Hall of India
- Chauhan, K.P.S. (1998). International Treaties on Biological Resources: Co Down to Earth, Centre for Science and Environment.Co., NewDelhi.
- Cutter S.L. (1999). Environmental Risks and Hazards. Prentice Hall of India Private Limited, New Delhi
- Dadson E.O. (1960). Evolution: Process and Product. Reinhold Pub.
- Darlington P.J.Jr. (1980). Zoogeography: The geographical Distribution of DehradunDelhi.
- Dobzhansky T., Ayala G.L., Stebbins G.L. and Valentine J.W. 1976
- Dobzhansky T. (1964). Genetics and the origin of species Oxford and IBH Pub. New Delhi
- Edward j Kormandy. Concepts of Ecology, Prentice Hall of India Private Ltd. New Delhi.
- Ehlrich P.R. & holm R.W. (1973). The Proces of Evolution, Mc. Graw-Hill Inc.
- Enger E.D. and Smith B.E. (2004). Environmental Science. Mc. Graw Hill,
- Eugene P Odum. (2002). Fundamentals of Ecology. Natraj Publishers,
- George W. (1962). Animal geography, Heinemann Edl. Books Ltd., London.
- Houghton, J. (1999) Global Warming, Cambridge University Press.
- John Alock. (2001). Animal Behavior, an evolutionary approach. Sinauer
- Kluge. H. Bittner, A and Hohnholz.J.H. (1995). Environment Mangement. Ltd., Ontario
- Lull R.S. (1947). Organic Evolution Macmillan Pub. Co. New York.
- Manning Aubrey. (1995). Introduction to Animal Behaviour
- Edward Arnold Marvel and Hamilton, Mechanism of Behavior, McGraw-Hill New Delhi.
- Moody P.A. (1978) Introduction to Evolution, Ind. Ed. Kalyani Pub., New Delhi
- Oparin A.I. (1957). The Origin of Life on Earth, Oliver & Boyd, London. Private limited, New Delhi Publishers Ltd.
- Rajagopalan R. (2006). Environmental studies. From crisis to cure. Oxford
- Savage J.M. (1969). Evolution, Hold, Rinchart and Winston Inc. New Delhi.
- Scragg. A. (1999). Environmental Biotechnology, ELBS.
- Seragelglin. (1999). Biotechnology and Biosaftey. World Bank, Washington
- Sharma P.D. (2000). Environmental Biology. Rastogi Publications.
- Sharma, B.K. and Kaur, H, (1994). Environmental Pollution. GOEI Publishing
- Singh, B.P. et.al. (1988). Environment and Biotechnology. Today and Sons.St. Mary's Press and Book Depot., Changanassery.
- Stebbins G.L. (1977). Process of Organic Evolution, Prentic Hall Inc. Tomorrow printers, New Delhi.
- Trivedi R.K. Hand book of Environmental Laws, Rules,
- Trivedi, P.R. (2000). Global Biodiversity, Authors Press. University Press.
- Varma P.S. and Agarwal V.K. (1993). Environmental Biology. S. Chand and Company

Volpe E.P. (1985). Understanding Evolution. Ind. Repr. Universal Book Stall,

First Degree Programme Zoology Core Course XII Practical III - Physiology and Biochemistry Course Code - AUZO64OIII No. of credits – 3

Aim of the course

To demonstrate basic principles in physiology

Objectives of the course

- To learn clinical procedures for blood & urine analysis
- To make the student skilful in simple biochemical laboratory procedures.

Physiology

- 1. Preparation of blood smear and study of blood cells of man.
- 2. Kymograph apparatus and explanation of simple muscle twitch.
- 3. Measurement of oxygen consumption of cockroach using Fen's respirometer.
- 4. Study of tonicity of blood cells
- 5. Effect of temperature / pH on salivary amylase activity
- 6. Digestion of starch and separation of maltose by dialysis.

Biochemistry

- 7. Urine analysis for the detection of abnormal constituents glucose, albumin
- 8. Detection of excretory products ammonia (Nessler's test), urea (Ammonia generation/Biuret test) and uric acid (Phosphotungstic acid test)
- 9. Estimation of haemoglobin of blood using Haemoglobinometer.
- 10. Paper chromatographic separation of amino acids
- 11. Isolation of casein from milk.

Zoology Core Course XIII

Practical IV - Developmental Biology and Experimental Embryology and Ecology, Ethology, Evolution and Zoogeography

Course Code –AU ZO64PIV No. of credits - 3

Aim of the course

Aim of the course is to develop awareness of the environment

Objectives of the course

- Develop expertise in students in ecological studies
- Get knowledge of experiments indevelopmental biology

Developmental Biology and Experimental Embryology

- 1. Study of different types of eggs-Amphioxus, frog, chick, man-based on models/charts.
- 2. Study of blastula- Amphioxus, frog- slide / model
- 3. Study of gastrula frog-yolk plug stage slide / model.
- 4. Mounting of 24hrs/48hrs chick blastoderm.
- 5. Study of placenta any two types.
- 6. Sperm motility in fish (zebra fish)
- 7. Embryonic development of the egg of zebra fish (demonstration only)

Ecology, Ethology, Evolution and Zoogeography

- 1. Estimation of dissolved oxygen
- 2. Estimation of CO₂
- 3. Estimation of primary productivity using dark and light bottle
- 4. Turbidity using Secchi disc
- 5. Estimation of hardness of three different water samples.
- 6. Measurement of pH of different water samples using pH meter, pH paper and indicator solution.
- 7. Extraction of soil organisms using Berlese funnel and Baerman's funnel
- 8. Construction of food web
- 9. Study of ecological adaptations any three
- 10. Study of marine plankton any three
- 11. Alarm pheromones in ants.
- 12. Write up on the contribution of Darwin and Lamark.
- 13. Study different zoogeographical realms with fauna.

Semester V

Zoology Open Course

Public Health and Hygiene

Course Code - AUZO581.a

No. of credits -2

Total hours 54

Aim of the course

To make the student aware of the essentials of public health and sanitation thereby warding off diseases and uplifting the living standards of the community

Objectives of the course

- To learn the principles of nutrition and dietetics
- To understand the ill effects of modern lifestyle
- To study the advantages of being hygienic

Module I 6hrs

Introduction: Scope and importance of the study; balanced diet, diet control for diabetics, cholesterol etc., concept of energy, calories, daily food intake as per occupation, pregnancy and lactation, probiotics and nutriceuticals.

Dietary requirements of infants, pre-school children, school children, adults and geriatric care. Malnutrition and over nutrition – obesity and weight control; defects of modern food habits – fast food, soft drinks, ice-creams and broiler chicken.

Module II 4hrs

Adulteration of food: food hygiene – hygiene of milk, meat, fish, eggs, fruits and vegetables, common food adulterants – harmful effects and their detection, food additives, fortification of food; Food Adulteration Act and its stringent implementation

Module III 18hrs

Health Hazards: Health dynamicity – definition, spectrum, factors influencing health, health as a medium of socio-economic development. Diseases – concept, terminologies, disease cycle, mode of transmission. Preventive methods including vaccination and its schedule.

Common food borne and water borne diseases (gastroenteritis, jaundice, cholera, salmonellosis, travellers' diarrhoea and *Escherichia coli* infection, typhoid) – causative agents, symptoms, prevention and control. Emerging diseases, sexually transmitted infections – AIDS, genital herpes, hepatitis B, syphilis, gonorrhoea – causative agents, symptoms, modes of transmission and prevention. Dengue, chikunguniya, rat fever (general methods of mosquito control and the need to prevent mosquito breeding in and around our homes).

Lifestyle habits – excessive usage of T.V., computer, mobile phones, two wheelers, and their impacts on health. Lack of physical exercise and its deleterious effects on the body and mind

Module IV 6hrs

Health Education: Definition, objectives, principles and methods of health education, ill effects of smoking, alcoholism and drug abuse (emphasis should be given to pan masala, amphetamines, hashish, opium, brown sugar, pethedine).

Population control and family welfare, use of contraceptives. Blood donation –basics of ABO, blood grouping including Rh factor. Genetic incompatibility and consanguineous marriages.

Module V 12hrs

Mental Health: Definition by WHO and necessity of mental well being, major depressive disorders, substance abuse, schizophrenia, obsessive compulsive disorders, domestic violence, causes for lost years of healthy life, strategies for prevention and possible interventions, childhood mental disorders and illnesses, gulf widow syndrome, stress reduction and management (importance of yoga)

Module VI 8hrs

Hygiene: Definition, personal hygiene- body odour, oral hygiene, grooming, feminine hygiene, sleep hygiene, hand washing, toiletry. Social hygiene – clean living movements, occupational hygiene, food and cooking hygiene, medical hygiene, excessive hygiene.

Suggested topics for assignments / seminars (not for ESE0.

- 1. Medical camps maybe conducted in colleges and students can have routine blood tests and grouping done.
- 2. Extension activities Community programmes may be arranged for alcoholics and students may form self-help groups for extending social support.

- 3. Awareness programmes Drinking water sources may be tested for possible contamination and classes on sanitation may be arranged for the local people.
- 4. Case studies based on public hygiene.
- 5. Survey of mental illness and symptoms among children of mentally retarded schools.
- 6. Effect of alcoholism on the social life in a community
- 7. Impact of tobacco addiction on the life of farmers

- Jatin V. Modi and Renjith S. Chawan. Essentials of Public Health and Sanitation, Part IV
- Murray, C. J. L. and A.D. Lopez. (1996). The Global Burden Of Disease. W H O.
- Park, J.E. and Park, K. Textbook of Community Health for Nurses.
- Swaminathan S. Principles of Nutrition and Dietetics.

Semester V

Zoology Open Course

Human Health and Sex Education Course Code –AU ZO581.b

No. of credits – 2 Total hours 54

Aim of the course

To redress problem associated with health and sex thereby promoting fitness and well being.

Objectives of the course

- To make the student understand the importance of good health.
- To educate the student on clean sexual habits thereby warding off sexually transmitted diseases.

Module I 14hrs

Introduction to health: health as a state of wellbeing, health awareness, Immunity immunization and vaccination, factors affecting health- food, balanced diet, food supplements, pathogens, pollution, sleep, exercise and stress. Physical health, reproductive health, adolescence, senescence. Mental health- mental illness and disabilities, symptoms and prevention of mental illness; alcoholism, tobacco addiction, de-addiction,

lifestyle diseases. Community health- health centres, role of health centres. Spiritual health, yoga and meditation.

Module II 8hrs

Human reproductive system: Male reproductive system- structural details of testis and accessory structures, functions of testis, semen, hormonal control. Female reproductive system-structure of ovary, accessory structures, puberty, reproductive cycles and hormonal control, menstrual cycle, gestation period, hysterectomy, menopause.

Module III 7hrs

Events of human reproduction: Gametogenesis- spermatogenesis and oogenesis, ovulation, fertilization, embryonic development, parturition

Module IV 12hrs

Human intervention in reproduction: Contraception and birth control-barrier method, hormonal methods, natural methods, sterilization, termination of pregnancy. Infertility-male and female infertility, causes and treatment for infertility. Assisted Reproductive Techniques- IVF, GIFT, ZIFT, Donor Insemination (DI). Artificial Insemination by Donor (AID), Artificial Insemination by Husband or partner (AIH). Surrogacy, SUZI (sub-zonal insemination), MIST (micro insemination sperm transfer)

Module V 6hrs

Sexually transmitted diseases: Syphilis, genital warts, chlamydia, chancroid, trichomoniasis, gonorrhea, genital herpes, AIDS

Module VI 7hrs

Sex education: Adolescent sexual activity, teenage pregnancy, sexual harassment, sexual awareness and policies (legal aspects), lesbian and gay sex, bisexual, transgender youth, adolescent stress management

Suggested topics for assignments / seminars (not for ESE0.

- 1. A survey of lifestyle diseases in a locality
- 2. A study on sexually transmitted diseases registered in a hospital
- 3. A survey of vaccination in village, town and city
- 4. Impact of yoga and meditation on health
- 5. A survey of contraceptive methods prevalent among village and city people.
- 6. A comparison of the affects of sexual harassment among school and college students.
- 7. A survey of adolescent sexual activities in a city or town.

- Common sexual problems and solutions by Dr. Prakash Kothari, UBS Publishers and Distributors Ltd.
- Mac E. Hadley. Endocrinology. Pearson Education, Singapore.
- Taylor, D.J., Green, N.P.O., Stout G. W. Biological Science. (Editor R. Soper) 3rd Edition, Cambridge University Press.
- The Complete Manual of Fitness and Well-being. The Reader's Digest Association, Inc. Pleasantville, New York / Montreal.
- Guyton & Hall. Textbook of Medical Physiology.

Semester V

Zoology Open Course I

Human diseases and their management Course Code – AUZO581.c

No. of credits – 2 Total hours 54

Aim of the course

To instil in the students the need to manage communicable diseases thereby creating a healthy society

Objectives of the course

- To learn the various modes and agents of disease transmission.
- To learn the causative factors of non communicable diseases

Module I 4hrs

Introduction: Health-WHO definition, individual and community health, importance of individual health, history of human diseases, human diseases, cultural and social factors in health and diseases, differences in health and diseases.

Module II 6hrs

Environment and health: Basic health requirements in the environment. Water – sources and uses of water, water pollution, water-borne diseases and purification of water. Housing-basic human requirement- sanitation- nature and methods of purification of water. Air- composition and cause of discomfort- need for proper ventilation, removal of refuse- disposal and utilization of excreta (biogas).

Module III 4hrs

Lifestyle choice for healthier life: Diet and health, exercise and health, alcohol, tobacco and drugs, sex and health, computers and health, mobile phone and health, psychological health

Module IV 3hrs

Communicable diseases: Classification of communicable diseases. Defense mechanism – immunity (natural, acquired)

Module V 4hrs

Viral Infections: Brief account of virus, chickenpox, poliomyelitis, rabies, yellow fever, dengue fever, mumps, influenza, measles, encephalitis, hepatitis, HIV infection and AIDS – causes, symptoms, prevention and cure.

Module VI 4hrs

Bacterial Infections: Brief account of bacteria, dysentery, cholera, tuberculosis, tetanus, diphtheria, septicemia, scarlet fever, typhoid, plague; STD and leprosy – causes, symptoms, prevention and cure.

Module VII 4hrs

Protozoan Infections: Brief account of protozoans - amoebiasis, leishmaniasis, trichomonasis, malaria - causes, symptoms, prevention and cure.

Module VIII 4hrs

Worm Infections: Brief account of platyhelminthes and nematods, cysticercosis, taeniasis, ascariasis, ancylostomiasis, encephalitis, enterobiasis and dracanculosis – causes, symptoms, prevention and cure.

Module IX 3hrs

Vector borne diseases: Vector – identification of vectors – dengu, filaria, kala azar, Japanese encephalitis, chikungunya- causes, symptoms, prevention and cure.

Module X 4hrs

Non-communicable diseases: Hereditary and congenital diseases – haemophilia, diabetes mellitus, hypertension, muscular dystrophia, some types of cancer. Immunological diseases – allergy, autoimmune diseases. Deficiency diseases – scurvy, pellagra, beriberi, xerophthalmia, rickets. Cardiovascular diseases-causes, symptoms, prevention and treatment.

Module XI 4hrs

Mental health: Meaning, definition, history, characteristics of a mentally healthy person. Types of mental illness – causes, symptoms and prevention – major mental illness (schizophrenia, paranoia), minor mental Illnesses (anxiety, phobia, obsessive compulsive neuroses)

Module XII 8hrs

Basic viewing techniques- endoscopy examination techniques: Blood- total count, differential count, ESR, immune function tests, blood clotting test, routine blood chemistry, blood cholesterol test, hormone tests; urine- routine urine chemistry; cell and tissue test- pap test, sputum test, biopsy, histopathology; genetic tests- amniocentosis, chorionic villi sampling; imaging techniques- X – ray, ultrasound scannig, CT scan, MRI scan, SPECT scanning, PET scanning;

Module XIII 2hrs

Role of yoga in management of common diseases.

Suggested topics for assignments/ seminars (not for ESE).

1. Epidemiological study of the above diseases.

Questionnaire has to be prepared. Students have to be grouped in 10. Each student will have to visit 25 houses and record the observations. The data of 10 students (250 Houses) has to be tabulated, studied and interpreted. Every year the study, if possible, has to carry out in the same houses or to the same locality. This follow up survey will be very useful

- Abraham Verghese. (1996). Introduction to Psychiatry. BI Publication Pvt. Ltd.
- Anderson, G. M. Communicable Disease Control, Macmillan, New York.
- Bajpee. (1995). Textbook of Preventive and Social Medicine. Jaypee Brothers Medical publishers, New Delhi.
- Chauhan, S. S. Mental Hygiene A Science of Adjustment, Allied Publishers.
- Carol. D. Tamparo. Diseases of Human body
- Deepak Kumar. (2001). Diseases and Medicines in India: A historical Overview.
- Mangal, S., K. (2004). Introduction to Abnormal Psychology. Sterling Publishers.
- Mary L M, Mark Zelman, Paul Holdway; Human Diseases A Systematic Approach.
- Park, K. (2005). Textbook of Prevention and Social Medicine, Jebelpur, Banarids.
- Park, J., E., and Park, K. Textbook of Preventive and Social Medicine.
- Swami Satyananda Saraswathi Swami Karam: Yogic Management of Common Diseases.

Semester VI

Zoology Elective course

Economic Zoology - Vermiculture and Apiculture Course Code - AUZO691.a

No. of credit – 2 Total hours 54

Aim of the course

To promote self employment and self reliance among educated youth

Objectives of the course

- To learn the basic procedure and methodology of vermiculture
- To learn the scope and methodology of apiculture.

Vermiculture 24hrs

Module I 6hrs

Introduction: definition and scope of vermiculture. Nature and species of earthworms: habit categories – epigeic, endogeic and anecic, indigenous and exotic species (*Eudrillus eugeniae/Eisenia foetidae/Perionyx excavatus/ Lampito mauritii*), identification of the above four species based on morphological characters.

Module II 10hrs

Methodology of vermicomposting: step by step methodology – containers for culturing, raw materials required, preparation of bed, environmental pre-requisites, feeding, harvesting, and storage of vermicompost. Advantages of composting, precautions to be taken to prevent attack by pests and pathogens.

Module III 8hrs

Vermicompost profile and applied aspects: physical, chemical and biological parameters of vermicast, vermin enrichment, economic uses of vermiculture (biofertilizer, waste disposal, vermiwash, poultry feed, vermi-remediation etc.

Apiculture 30hrs

Module IV 8hrs

Introduction and Scope: Definition and significance of the study. Caste system and Social behaviour; common species of honeybees used, organization of bee colony, social life and adaptations of honeybees.

Module V 12hrs

Bee keeping methods and equipments: indigenous methods, extraction appliances, extraction of honey from the comb and processing, management and maintenance of an apiary, bee pastures

Module VI 10hrs

Diseases and economics: diseases (bacterial, fungal, protozoan, acarine, brood diseases), preventive and curative measures. Use of honey, bees wax, bee venom, nutrient profile of honey, marketing strategies.

Suggested topics for assignments / seminars (not for ESE).

Vermiculture

- 1. Report of field visits to commercial/professional units
- 2. Feasibility of maintaining a vermin-composting plant in the College maybe worked out
- 3. Awareness programmes on waste management through vermin-composting may be conducted for the local residence associations

Apiculture

1. Report of field visits

- 1. Cherian & Ramachandran Bee keeping in South Indian Govt. Press, Madras.
- 2. Gupta, K.C. Romance of bee keeping. Khadi Paristhan, Calicut.
- 3. Mary Appelhof. Worms eat my Garbage.
- 4. Mishra R.C. Perspectives in Indian Apiculture
- 5. Sathe, T.V. Vermiculture and Organic farming.

Semester VI

Zoology Elective course

Ornamental fish production and management Course Code – AUZO691.b

No. of credits - 2 Total hours 54

Aim of the course

To make the student aware of the vast potentials involved in ornamental fish farming and trading

Objectives of the course

- To learn the scientific method of setting an aquarium
- To learn the culture breeding and marketing techniques of common indigenous ornamental fishes

Module 1 6hrs

Importance and history of aquarium fish keeping. Design and construction of aquaria: aquarium fabrication- shape, size, volume, type of glass tank, cutting of glass, preparation of glass tank, strengthening and supporting of tank, fitting of tanks into room settings; aquarium floor setting – type and size of pebbles, gravels, granites used for bed setting and its advantages. Filters-biological, chemical and mechanical. Aquarium accessories like aerators, decorative, lighting, heating and feeding trays.

Module II 3hrs

Water quality management in aquarium systems – sources of water, containers, storage, temperature, pH, dissolved carbon dioxide, ammonia, hardness, turbidity and ozone in aquarium.

Module III 5hrs

Aquarium plants: Uses of aquarium plants, different varieties of plants like submerged plants (tubers, rooted plants, cutting plants) and emerged plants, indoor plants and outdoor plants, selection of plants, planting techniques, propagation and maintenance of aquarium plants. Advantages of natural plants over artificial plants.

Module IV 9hrs

Fresh water ornamental fishes: Common ornamental fishes- indigenous and exotic species; Identification and biology of the common ornamental fishes. *Cyprinus carpio* (koi carp), *Molliensia sphenops* (black molly lyre tail), *Poecilia reticulate* (guppy), *Poecilia latipinna*,

Xiphophorous helleri (red sword tail) Xiphophorous maculates (red platy) Pterophyllum scalare altum (angel fish) Carassius auratus (red oranda) Betta splendens (Siamese fighting fish) Trichogaster leeri (pearl gourami). Live bearers and egg layers. Sexual dimorphism in ornamental fishes.

Module V 6hrs

Breeding and rearing of common ornamental fishes. Conditions for breeding- pH, temperature and sex ratio. Brood stock management- selection of brooders, maintenance and management of brood stocks. Selective breeding and hybridization techniques. Induced breeding. Colour enhancement techniques.

Module VI 6hrs

Aquarium maintenance- Setting up of a freshwater community tank and its maintenance. Food and feeding - live feed and formulated feed. Preparation and culture of live feed (Artemia, Infusoria, Spirulina). Control of algal growth, snails and other predators. Common disease of ornamental aquarium fishes - their causative agents - virus, bacteria, fungi, protozoa and nematode; symptoms, treatment and prophylactic measures.

Module VII 10hrs

Indigenous ornamental fishes - Common indigenous ornamental fishes. Identification and biology of the common ornamental fishes. Cyprinids: *Puntius denisonii* (red line torpedo fish), *Puntius fasciatus* (melan barb), *Puntius filamentosus* (Indian tiger barb), *Puntius curmuca* (red tailed silver shark), *Danio malabaricus* (Malabar danio); Loaches (*Nemacheilus triangularis*(Zodiac loach), *Lepidocephalus thermalis* (Malabar loach); Cichlids: *Etroplus maculatus* (yellow and orange chromides), *E. suratensis* (pearl spot), Anabantids: *Anabas testudineus* (climbing perch) and Catfishes: *Horabagrus brachysoma* (Yellowish catfish), *H. nigricollaris* (White collared imperial catfish).

Module VIII 4hrs

Marine aquarium: preparation and maintenance of common marine ornamentals (Fishes, Crustaceans, Mollusks and Echinoderms). Collection, packing and transportation and marketing of indigenous ornamental fishes. Post harvest technology

Module IX 5hrs

Constraints of farming and export of ornamental fishes: Convention on biodiversity; procedures for starting an export firm; training methods and entrepreneurship; funding agencies.

Suggested topics for assignments / seminars (not for ESE).

- 1. Indigenous fishes of Kerala
- 2. Indigenous ornamental fishes of India
- 3. Feeding habits of fishes
- 4. Nutritional requirement in fishes
- 5. Aquarium plants
- 6. Preparation of Community tank.
- 7. Fish diseases
- 8. Predators in a fish pond.
- 9. Environmentally and genetically induced abnormalities in ornamental fishes.
- 10. Economic importance of ornamental fishes.

- Arumugam. N. (2008). Aqua culture, Saras publications, Tamil Nadu, India.
- Axelord, H.R. (1967). Breeding aquarium fishes, T F H Publications.
- Dick Mills (1981). Aquarium Fishes, Arco publishing.
- Dick Mills and Gwynne Vevers, (1982). The Practical encyclopedia of fresh water Tropical Aquarium fishes, Salamander Books limited, London.
- Gahlawat, S.K., et.al. (2007). Manual of experimental Ichthyology, Daya publishing House, Delhi.
- Gerhard Brunner, (1973). Aquarium plants, T F H Publications, Inc. Ltd., Hongkong.
- Gupta. S. K. & P. C. Gupta, (2006). General and applied Ichthyology, S. Chand & Co.Ltd., New Delhi.
- Harishankar J. A & A. Biju Kumar, (1997). Aquarium Fishes, B. R. publishing Corporation, Delhi.
- Jorgen Hansen, (1979). Making your own aquarium, Bell and Hyman Ltd., London.
- Ramachandran. A., (2002). Breeding, Farming and management of ornamental fishes. School of Industrial Fisheries, Cochin University of Science and Technology, Cochin-16.
- Saroj. K. Swain, (2003). Aquarium cave and maintenance, Publ. CIFA, ICAR, Orissa, India.
- Stephen Spotte, (1970). Fish and invertebrate culture, Wiley Inter Science, John Wiley & Sons, Inc., New York.
- Tom Lovell (1998). Nutrition and feeding of fish second Ed. Kluwer Academic publishers.
- Talwar.P.K., and Jhingran.A.G.,(1991). Inland fishes Oxford and IBH Publishing Co. PVT LTD, New Delhi.
- Web site: www. Ornamentalfish.org

Semester VI

Zoology Elective course

Dairy farming and Broiler farming Course Code – AUZO691.c

No. of credits – 2 Total hours 54

Aim of the course

To promote and encourage the students to take up animal husbandry instead of crawing for white collar jobs

Objectives of the course

- To aid white revolution by improving the breeds of cattle
- To learn the proper and scientific methodology behind poultry farming

Dairy farming 27hrs

Module I 7hrs

Breeds of livestock and dairy farm: Breeds of Taurus (exotic) dairy cattle, breeds of zebu (Indian) cattle, breeds of dairy buffaloes; present status of dairy farming; planning to establish dairy farm, location of farm, different housing systems, dairy buildings, space requirements, economically setting a small farm.

Module II 5hrs

Nutritive values of common feeds, commercial and mixed feeds: Feeding and providing feed - feeds rich in minerals, feeds rich in protein, live stock tonics - hormones, thyroprotein, stilbestrol, urea for dairy cattle, toxic feeds, food-poisoning - Balancing the dairy ration - general rule for feeding dairy herd.

Module III 4hrs

Mechanism of reproduction: Male reproductive organs, female reproductive organs, role of hormones in male reproduction, role of hormones in female reproduction; care and management of newborn animals.

Module IV 6hrs

Artificial insemination: Advantages of artificial insemination over natural breeding, limitation of A.I, problems under Indian conditions; collection of semen - electro ejaculation, dilution of semen and cryopreservation, insemination, cleaning and sterilization of apparatus.

Common parasites in India and cure methods - External parasites and pest, reproductive diseases, milk borne diseases.

Module V 5hrs

Preparation and marketing of dairy products: Determining quality of milk, choosing market outlet, assembling dairy products from farms, co-operative action among creameries, hauling milk to city markets; Marketing fluid milk (i) Specific gravity of milk (ii) determination of specific gravity with a lactometer (iii) pasteurization of milk (iv) advantages of pasteurization; determining cost of distribution.

Broiler farming 27hrs

Module VI 5hrs

History, contribution to remove protein deficiency, role of broiler farm in urban and rural areas, employment potential, export potential. Poultry breeds, broiler strains available in India, day old chicks and their maintenance, hatchery potential; parental stocks and their maintenance

Module VII 5hrs

Poultry house, site, space requirement, types of houses-cage and deep-litter system, equipment for feeding and watering, lighting for poultry houses, ventilation.

Module VIII 5hrs

Nutrition of poultry birds, nutritional requirements according to age, starter feed, finisher feed, feed formulation. Availability of raw material for feed; use of antibiotics, aminoacids and minerals.

Module IX 5hrs

Brooding and rearing baby chicks, types of brooders, vaccination, summer management and monsoon management.

Module X 7hrs

Diseases and health management, common diseases caused by viruses, bacteria and worms, ranikhet, fowl pox, worms and other parasites, toxicosis and account of aspergillus, aflotoxin, Salmonella; deworming and insecticide treatment; machanised dressing methods; cold storage, avoiding aflotoxin.

Suggested topics for assignments / seminars (not for ESE).

Dairy farming

- 1. Breeds of Taurus (exotic) dairy cattle, Breeds of zebu (Indian) cattle, Breeds of dairy buffaloes.
- 2. Planning to establish dairy farm.
- 3. Setting a small farm.
- 4. Feeding and providing feed to dairy animals.
- 5. General rule for feeding dairy herd.
- 6. Role of hormones in male reproduction.
- 7. Role of hormones in female reproduction.
- 8. Care and management of newborn animals.
- 9. Advantages of Artificial insemination over natural breeding.
- 10. Common parasites in India and cure methods External parasites and pest.
- 11. Reproductive diseases Milk borne diseases.
- 12. Determining quality of milk.
- 13. Marketing fluid milk.

Broiler farming

- 1. Role of broiler farm to remove protein deficiency.
- 2. Role of broiler farm in employment potential and export potential.
- 3. Day old chicks and their maintenance.
- 4. Parental stocks and their maintenance.
- 5. Setting up of broiler farming.
- 6. Feed formulation. Availability of raw material for feed; Use of antibiotics, aminoacids and minerals.
- 7. Brooding and rearing baby chicks.
- 8. Summer management and monsoon management.
- 9. Diseases and health management.

References

Dairy farming

- Banerji, G.C. A text book of Animal husbandry, 1998. Oxford & IBH.
- ICAR. Handbook of Animal Husbandry, 1990/97, ICAR, PUSA.

Broiler farming

- Gnanamani. Profitable Poultry Farming.
- Banerji, G.C. Poultry. Oxford & IBH.

Semester VI

Zoology Project and Field study

Course Code – AUZO644 No. of credit – 4

Project

Aim of the course

To develop an aptitude for research in Zoology

Objective of the course

To inculcate proficiency to identify appropriate research topic and presentation

Specifications

- > Topics of biological interest can be selected for the project.
- Project is to be done by a group not exceeding 10 students.
- Every student should submit typed (A4 paper, 12 Font, 1.5 Space), spirally bind project report in duplicate to the department on the day of the examination of Practical II.
- A copy duly attested by the supervising teacher and the Head of the Department must be placed for ESE before a board of two Examiners.
- The viva-voce based on the Project is conducted individually.
- > Project topic once chosen shall not be repeated by any later batches of students.

The project report may contain the following sections

- 1. Preliminary (Title page, declaration, Certificate of the supervising teacher, content etc.)
- 2. Introduction with relevant literature review and objective
- 3. Materials and Methods
- 4. Result
- 5. Discussion
- 6. Conclusion / Summary
- 7. References.

Field study

A total of eighteen hours (1hour/week) are allotted to field study in the fifth semester. Field study of 4 days is compulsory. Students are directed to visit one research institute and one wild life sanctuary / ecosystem / museum / zoo, preferably with in the state of Kerala. Scientifically prepared hand written study tour report must be submitted by each student for ESE on the day of the examination of Practical II.