

# MAR IVANIOS COLLEGE (AUTONOMOUS) THIRUVANANTHAPURAM

**Reg. No. :....** 

Name :....

First Semester Career Related B.Sc. Degree Examination, November 2014 First Degree Programme under CBCSS Vocational Course – I: (for Botany and Biotechnology) AUBB151: Microbiology

Time: 3 Hours

Max. Marks: 80

# SECTION – A

Answer ALL the following in a word or one or two sentences.

- 1. Asepsis.
- 2. Mycoplasma.
- 3. Bacteriophage.
- 4. Auxotroph.
- 5. Antibiotic.
- 6. Stationary growth phase.
- 7. Synthetic media.
- 8. SCP.
- 9. The phenomenon by which fungi display the two growth forms *viz.*, yeasts and molds is called \_\_\_\_\_.

10. Serial dilution.

### (10 x 1 = 10 Marks)

## **SECTION – B**

### Answer any **EIGHT** questions, not exceeding a paragraph.

- 11. In what specific way does ultraviolet light destroy microorganisms ?
- 12. Differentiate between halophile and osmophile.

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- 13. What specific mechanisms are responsible for inactivation of microbes by heavy metals ?
- 14. What would be the source of nutrition of chemosynthetic heterotrophs?
- 15. What role does microbial antagonism play in nature ?
- 16. What is the importance of nitrogen fixation ?
- 17. Explain how turbidometry can be employed to quantitate bacteria in a culture sample.
- 18. Enumerate reasons why agar is used as a gelling agent in microbial cultures.
- 19. Give two reasons why it is important to invert petri plates during incubation of bacterial cultures.
- 20. In what physiological way does penicillin affect penicillin-sensitive bacteria?
- 21. Distinguish between a disinfectant and antibiotic.
- 22. What is difference between the effect of dipping versus swabbing alcohol as disinfectant. Which method is more effective ?

#### (8 x 2 = 16 Marks)

#### **SECTION – C**

Short essay type : Answer any SIX questions.

- 23. Give reasons why endospores are much more resistant to heat than are vegetative cells.
- 24. Why are facultative organisms able to grow with or without oxygen while aerobes grow only in its presence ?
- 25. Differentiate lytic and lysogenic bacteriophages.
- 26. How is replica plating experiment performed for identification of microbial mutants ?
- 27. What is the significance of minimum inhibitory concentration (MIC) ? How is it determined ?
- 28. Define fermentation. What are the two types of fermentation processes ?
- 29. What are the various agents used for strain improvement of industrial microbes ?

- 30. Compare and contrast streak plate and pour plate method for separating microbes. Which method is effective for best separation ?
- 31. List and describe any four physical methods for microbial control.

(6 x 4 = 24 Marks)

### **SECTION – D**

#### Long essay type : Answer any TWO questions.

- 32. Explain the mode of action of key classes of antibiotics and mechanism of microbial resistance to these antibiotics.
- 33. Tabulate the problems associated with heterologous protein production in *E. coli* and possible solutions to overcome the same. Enumerate the advantages of *Bacillus subtilis* over *E. coli* for heterologous protein production.
- 34. What are single cell proteins (SCPs) ? Enumerate the advantages and disadvantages of SCPs.
- 35. Give a brief account of the role of microorganisms in carbon cycle.

(2 x 15 = 30 Marks)